

# CITY OF HARRAH, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### CONTENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Independent Auditor's Report	Page Number 1-3
	-
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-10
<i>Government-Wide Financial Statements:</i> Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	11 12-13
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds	14 15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	16 17
Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	18 19
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	20-54
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Police Pension Schedule of City Contributions - Police Pension & Retirement System Schedule of Share of Net Pension Liability - Firefighter's System Schedule of City Contributions - Firefighter's Pension & Retirement Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios-OMRF Schedule of Employer Contributions - OMRF Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund Notes to Required Supplementary Information	55 55 56 56 57 58 59 60 61
Other Supplementary Information: Combining Financial Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	62 63
<b>Compliance and Internal Control Report</b> Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	64-65 66

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DILLON & ASSOCIATES, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1401 S. DOUGLAS BLVD., SUITE A MIDWEST CITY, OK 73110

ROBERT S. DILLON, CPA bobdilloncpa@gmail.com Phone: (405) 732-1800 Fax : (405) 737-7446

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

City Council City of Harrah Harrah, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2014 the City adopted provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition from Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 resulted in the restatement of beginning net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Harrah's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Harrah's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Harrah's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### Dillon & Associates, P.C.

Midwest City, Oklahoma August 26, 2015

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### CITY OF HARRAH, OKLAHOMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Harrah's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position increased by \$332,623 and the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities \$9,639,308 (net position). Of this amount, \$616,456 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,844,410. Of this total amount, \$1,176,397 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of fiscal year 2015, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,176,397, or approximately 43% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers.
- Sales and use taxes decreased by \$186,817 or 7.9% over the prior fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Harrah (the "City") and the Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA). Included in this report are governmentwide statements for each of two categories of activities - governmental and business-type. This discussion and analysis focuses on the primary government, composed of the City of Harrah and Harrah Public Works Authority.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how their services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt).

#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Harrah's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way determining

whether the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's Net Position and changes in Net Position from the prior year. You can think of the City's Net Position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving, deteriorating or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into two types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City's activities that charge a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer and solid waste utilities are reported here.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds not the City as a whole. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

**Proprietary funds**. When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary funds and are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

#### Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2015, net position for governmental activities and business-type activities increased \$332,623. The results indicate the City, as a whole, incurred an increase in its financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a summary comparison of changes in net position from last year for the City:

Table 1											
Net Position (In Thousands)											
		<u>Activ</u>	<u>vities</u>	% Inc.	<u>Acti</u>	<u>ivities</u>	% Inc.	Primary G	overnment	% Inc.	
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>(Dec.)</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>(Dec.)</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>(Dec.)</u>	
Current and											
other assets	\$	1,888	1,767	7%	2,690	1,282	110%	4,578	3,049	50%	
Capital assets	_	2,682	2,824	-5%	9,538	9,833	-3%	12,220	12,657	-3%	
Total assets	-	4,570	4,591	0%	12,228	11,115	10%	16,798	15,706	7%	
Deferred outflow of resource	es _	56			14			70			
Long-term debt											
outstanding		1,079	261	313%	5,136	4,362	18%	6,215	4,623	34%	
Other liabilities	_	69	11	527%	608	141	331%	677	152	345%	
Total liabilities	-	1,148	272	322%	5,744	4,503	28%	6,892	4,775	44%	
Deferred inflow of resources	5 <u>-</u>	270			67	-		337		-	
Net assets:											
Invested in capital											
assets, net of debt		2,563	2,548	1%	5,689	4,550	25%	8,252	7,098	16%	
Restricted		668	711	-6%	102	60	70%	770	771	0%	
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(23)	1,060	-102%	640	2,002	-68%	617	3,062	-80%	
Total net assets	\$	3,208	4,319	-26%	6,431	6,612	-3%	9,639	10,931	-12%	

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$769,879 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$695,701, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### Change in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2015 net position of the primary government changed as follows:

	Governmental			Busines	Business-type			Total		
	<u>Activi</u>	ties_	% Inc.	<b>Activities</b>		% Inc.	Primary Government		% Inc.	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>(Dec.)</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	(Dec.)	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>(Dec.)</u>	
Revenues										
Charges for services \$	295	229	<b>29</b> %	1,780	1,746	2%	2,075	1,975	5%	
Operating grants	102	4	####	-	-	-	102	4	2450%	
Capital grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	#####	
Sales and use taxes	2,182	2,369	-8%	-	-	-	2,182	2,369	-8%	
Franchise tax (fees)	235	224	5%	-	-	-	235	224	5%	
Other taxes	85	86	-1%	-	-	-	85	86	-1%	
Investment income	1	1	0%	-	-	-	1	1	0%	
Other	63	70	-10%	1	8	-88%	64	78	-18%	
Total revenues	2,963	2,983	-1%	1,781	1,754	2%	4,744	4,737	0%	
Expenses										
General government	525	483	<b>9</b> %	-	-	-	525	483	<b>9</b> %	
Public safety	1,242	1,155	8%	-	-	-	1,242	1,155	8%	
Public works	373	108	245%	-	-	-	373	108	245%	
Cultural & recreation	202	153	32%	-	-	-	202	153	32%	
Water/sewer	-	-	-	2,070	2,145	-3%	2,070	2,145	-3%	
Total expenses	2,342	1,899	23%	2,070	2,145	-3%	4,412	4,044	<b>9</b> %	
Increase in net position										
before transfers	621	1,084	-43%	(289)	(391)	-26%	332	693	-52%	
Transfers	(477)	(659)	<b>-28</b> %	477	659	-28%	-	-		
- Change in net position	144	425	-66%	188	268	-30%	332	693	-52%	
Begininng net position	4,319	3,894	11%	6,612	6,344	4%	10,931	10,238	7%	
Prior period adjustment	(1,255)	-		(592)	-		(1,847)	-		
Contributed capital	-	-		223	-		223	-		
Ending net position \$	3,208	4,319	-26%	6,431	6,612	-3%	9,639	10,931	-12%	

#### Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

#### **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Table 3

Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities (In Thousands)										
	Net Revenue									
		Total E	xpenses	% Inc.	(Expe	nse)	% Inc.			
		of Sei	rvices	<u>(Dec.)</u>	of Services		(Dec.)			
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>				
General government	\$	525	483	<b>9</b> %	(456)	(411)	11%			
Public safety		1,242	1,155	8%	(927)	(999)	-7%			
Public works		373	108	245%	(369)	(102)	262%			
Cultural & recreation	-	202	153	32%	(192)	(153)	25%			
Total	\$	2,342	1,899	23%	(1,944)	(1,665)	17%			

For the year ended June 30, 2015, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$2,341,708 which is a 23.3% increase from the prior year.

#### **Business-type Activities**

	Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities (In Thousands)								
	Net Revenue								
		Total E	xpenses	% Inc.	(Expe	ense)	% Inc.		
		of Se	of Services		of Services		(Dec.)		
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>			
Water and sewer	\$	2,070	2,145	-3%	(290)	(399)	-27%		
Other		-	-	0%	-	-	0%		
Total	\$	2,070	2,145	-3%	(290)	(399)	-27%		

Table 4

The City's business-type activities include utility services for water and sewer operations.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2015 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,844,410, or 5% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$6,500,524, or 2% decrease from 2014.

#### Other Fund Highlights Include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2015, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$132,260, or x13%, due to a decrease in transfers to other funds.
- The HPWA Enterprise Fund reported a net position increase before contributions and transfers of \$189,322.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues above final estimates by \$266,633 or a 10.7% positive variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$286,403 or a 14.8% positive variance.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2015, the City had \$12,220,535 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, sewer and stormwater systems, roads and bridges. This represents a net decrease of \$436,889 million over last year.

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business <u>Activi</u> l		Total <u>Primary Government</u>		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Construction in progress	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	
Land	102	102	-	-	102	102	
Buildings	1,279	1,279	476	476	1,755	1,755	
Machinery and equipment	1,207	1,181	1,344	1,152	2,551	2,333	
Vehicles	1,896	1,849	-	-	1,896	1,849	
Infrastructure	1,827	1,810	16,443	16,413	18,270	18,223	
Less: Accum. depreciation	 (3,629)	(3,397)	(8,725)	(8,208)	(12,354)	(11,605)	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,682	2,824	9,538	9,833	12,220	12,657	

#### Table 5 Capital Assets

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Completion of the construction and upgrade of the wastewater system.

#### Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$5,293,920 in long-term debt outstanding, which represents a \$795,097 increase from the prior year.

Outstanding Debt										
Governmental Business-type Total										
		<u>Activi</u>	<u>ties</u>	Primary Government						
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>			
Notes payable	\$	119	176	5,175	4,323	5,294	4,499			
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total long-term debt	\$	119	176	5,175	4,323	5,294	4,499			

## Table 1

#### ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

- The unemployment rate for the Oklahoma City metropolitan area which includes Harrah is currently 4.4 percent, which is a decrease of .4 percent from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 4.6 percent and favorably to the national average rate of 6.1 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices. •
- The City's major source of revenue is sales tax revenue. Sales tax revenue decreased 8.0% over the prior year total.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, bond rating agencies and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances reflecting the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at P.O. Box 636, Harrah, Oklahoma 73045.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Primary Government					
	Go	vernmental	Business-type			
		Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,589,660	1,006,950	2,596,610		
Restricted cash and investments	Ŷ	2,447	1,521,819	1,524,266		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		83,755	144,926	228,681		
Internal balances		28,757	(28,757)	220,001		
Due from other governments		148,469	44,936	193,405		
Net pension asset		34,718	,	34,718		
Capital assets:		54,710	-	54,710		
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		101,528	-	101,528		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		2,580,582	9,538,425	12,119,007		
Total assets		4,569,916	12,228,299	16,798,215		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		54 222		70 (00		
Deferred amounts related to pensions		56,320	14,113	70,433		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-	-	-		
Accrued interest payable		2,068	47,649	49,717		
Deferred revenues		-	10,412	10,412		
Due to bondholders		1,446	-	1,446		
Deposits subject to refund		7,232	94,460	101,692		
Long-term liabilities						
Net pension liability		950,490	375,201	1,325,691		
Due within one year		58,504	456,222	514,726		
Due in more than one year		128,289	4,760,452	4,888,741		
Total liabilities		1,148,029	5,744,396	6,892,425		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions		270,169	66,746	336,915		
Deferred another related to pensions		270,107	00,740	550,715		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		2,563,356	5,689,617	8,252,973		
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-	101,866	101,866		
Capital improvements		661,502	-	661,502		
Other purposes		6,511	-	6,511		
Unrestricted (deficit)	. <u> </u>	(23,331)	639,787	616,456		
Total net position	\$	3,208,038	6,431,270	9,639,308		

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			I	s		
				Operating	Capital	Net
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	(Expense)
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenue
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	525,190	69,667	-	-	(455,523)
Public safety:						
Police		677,497	211,061	32,305	-	(434,131)
Fire		563,882	-	70,080	-	(493,802)
Public works		373,110	4,484	-	-	(368,626)
Culture and recreation		202,029	10,211	-	-	(191,818)
Total government activities	-	2,341,708	295,423	102,385	-	(1,943,900)
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer		2,070,219	1,780,274	-	-	(289,945)
Total business-type activities	-	2,070,219	1,780,274		<u> </u>	(289,945)
Total primary government	=	4,411,927	2,075,697	102,385	-	(2,233,845)

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Pr	imary Governmen	t
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Change in Net Position:				
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,943,900)	(289,945)	(2,233,845)
General revenues:				
Taxes: Sales taxes		2,098,099	_	2,098,099
Use taxes		83,778	-	83,778
Franchise taxes (fees)		235,273	-	235,273
Other taxes		84,769	-	84,769
Unrestricted investment income		863	544	1,407
Miscellaneous		62,412	730	63,142
Transfers		(476,684)	476,684	
Total general revenues and transfers		2,088,510	477,958	2,566,468
Change in net position		144,610	188,013	332,623
Net Position - beginning, as restated (See Note 3)		3,063,428	6,020,349	9,083,777
Contributed capital - fixed assets	~	-	222,908	222,908
Net Position - ending	\$	3,208,038	6,431,270	9,639,308

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ Cash - Police bond account Receivables:	966,272 2,447	523,999 -	99,389 -	1,589,660 2,447
Due from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables	99,025 30,356 83,755	44,937 94,165 -	4,507 - -	148,469 124,521 83,755
Total assets	1,181,855	663,101	103,896	1,948,852
Deferred outflow of resources		-		<u> </u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Police bonds outstanding Deposits subject to refund	- 1,446 4,012	-	3,220	1,446 7,232
Due to other funds Total liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>1,599</u> 1,599	<u>94,165</u> 97,385	95,764
Deferred inflow of resources		-		
Fund balances: Nonspendable Unassigned	1,176,397	661,502 -	6,511	668,013 1,176,397
Total fund balances	1,176,397	661,502	6,511	1,844,410
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances \$	1,181,855	663,101	103,896	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not required in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,629,047		2,682,110
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows		34,718 56,320
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period form current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds: Note payable Net pension liability Pension related deferred inflows		(118,754) (950,490) (270,169)
Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences	. –	(2,068) (68,039)
Net position of governmental activities	<sup>ې</sup>	3,208,038

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	÷	2 440 744		F2 20F	2 504 040
Taxes	\$	2,449,714 4,484	-	52,205	2,501,919 4,484
Intergovernmental		4,404 69,667	-	-	4,404 69,667
Licenses and permits Charge for services		6,431	-	- 3,780	10,211
Fines and forfeitures		211,061	-	5,760	211,061
Interest		518	335	10	863
Miscellaneous		19,989	-	10	19,989
Total revenues		2,761,864	335	55,995	2,818,194
		_) )			
EXPENDITURES					
Current:				o //-	
General government		178,504	14,019	2,167	194,690
City manager		3,919	-	-	3,919
Administration		269,650	-	-	269,650
Code enforcement		52,751	-	-	52,751
Legal		20,277	-	-	20,277
Police		696,491	61,458	-	757,949
Fire K-9		363,430	86,640	-	450,070 8,718
		8,718	-	-	73,679
Senior citizens center		57,573	16,106	- 47,052	,
Parks		-	-	,	47,052
Streets Bublic works		-	-	56,604	56,604
Public works		1,651,313	<u>316,506</u> 494,729	105,823	<u>316,506</u> 2,251,865
Total expenditures	_	1,001,015	494,729	105,625	2,201,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	1,110,551	(494,394)	(49,828)	566,329
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		97,500	516,684	42,423	656,607
Transfers out		(1,075,791)	(57,500)		(1,133,291)
Total other financing sources and uses	_	(978,291)	459,184	42,423	(476,684)
Net change in fund balances		132,260	(35,210)	(7,405)	89,645
Fund balances-beginning		1,044,137	696,712	13,916	1,754,765
Fund balances-ending	\$	1,176,397	661,502	6,511	1,844,410

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	89,645
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense		89,290 (232,121)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.		125,773
Repayment of debt principal and note issue costs is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: Long-term debt principal payments		56,808
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in accrued compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable		17,283 (2,068)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ <u> </u>	144,610

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2015

	Harrah Public Works <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,006,950
Restricted: Cash and investments Receivables	1,521,819
Accounts, net of allowance of \$187,239	144,926
Due from other governments	44,936
Total current assets	2,718,631
Non-current assets: Capital assets:	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,538,425
Total non-current assets	9,538,425
Total assets	12,257,056
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred amounts related to pensions	14,113
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Accrued interest payable	47,649
Deferred revenues	10,412
Due to other funds Deposits subject to refund	28,757 94,460
Current portion of long-term obligations	456,222
Total current liabilities	637,500
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	4,718,944
Net pension liability	375,201
Accrued compensated absences	41,508
Total non-current liabilities	5,135,653
Total liabilities	5,773,153
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to pensions	66,746
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	5,689,617
Debt service	101,866
Unrestricted	639,787
Total net position	\$6,431,270

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Harrah Public Works <u>Authority</u>
REVENUES Water Wastewater Sanitation Other Total operating revenues	\$	709,000 496,944 504,191 70,139 1,780,274
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services Maintenance and operations Bad debt expense Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses	-	564,505 771,852 13,632 516,967 1,866,956
Operating income (loss)	-	(86,682)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Miscellaneous revenues (expense) Interest income Debt issuance expense Interest expense and fiscal charges Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		730 544 (63,500) (139,763) (201,989)
OPERATING TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out Total operating transfers	-	516,684 (40,000) 476,684
Change in net position		188,013
Net position - beginning, as restated (See Note 3)		6,020,349
Contributed capital - Fixed assets	-	222,908
Net position-ending	\$	6,431,270

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Harrah Public Works Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Receipts from customers\$ 2,279,221Payments to suppliers and employees(2,017,371)Net receipts (refunds) of customer meter deposits(8,525)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities270,375CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES(476,684)Operating transfers in (out)(476,684)Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities(222,908)Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue(222,908)Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents1,069,550Cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Cash and cash equivalents, end of year730Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents, end of year730Reconciliation to PERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilitit	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Payments to suppliers and employees(2,017,371)Net receipts (refunds) of customer meter deposits8,525Net cash provided (used) by operating activities270,375CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES476,684Operating transfers in (out)476,684Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES222,908Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES1,396,176Interest received544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease)		\$	2,279,221
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities270,375CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES476,684Operating transfers in (out)476,684Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(222,908)Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES544Net cash aprovided (used) by investing activities544Net cash approvided (used) by investing activities544Net cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents1,06,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,06,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:<	•		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESOperating transfers in (out)476,684Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue(368,164)Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES544Interest exceived544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,006,950Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents, end of year5Cash and cash equivalents, end of year5PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 Miscellaneous revenueChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) Increase (decrease) in deferred revenuesChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(12,244) IncreaseIncrease (decrease) in et pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284) IncreaseCash an	Net receipts (refunds) of customer meter deposits		8,525
Operating transfers in (out)476,684Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(222,908)Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES544Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 Miscellaneous revenueChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in activaties: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense8,380 (11,391) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,380 Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (T55,345) Total adjustments(15,345)	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	270,375
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES648,573Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents and cash equivalents, end of year1,006,950Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses B,380(11,391) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses B,380Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Its,345j(15,345j)	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities476,684CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(222,908)Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES648,573Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,521,819Cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)686,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,3806,383Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (155,345)(155,345)Total adjustments3357,057	Operating transfers in (out)		476,684
Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES648,573Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,326,176Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,325,933Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year5Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,3808,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (2,284)(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	
Purchase of capital assets(222,908)Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES648,573Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,326,176Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,325,933Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year5Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,3808,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (2,284)(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs1,156,500Principal paid on debt(368,164)Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES544Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,32,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents1,521,819PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense Miscellaneous revenue516,967 Miscellaneous revenueChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,284) Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (115,345) Total adjustments(11,391)	Purchase of capital assets		(222,908)
Contributed capital revenue222,908Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES648,573Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense Miscellaneous revenue516,967 Miscellaneous revenueChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (11,391) Increase (decrease) in the pension liability (1155,345) Total adjustments(115,345) 357,057	Proceeds from long-term debt issuance, net of issuance costs		
Interest expense and fiscal charges(139,763)Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents, end of year1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 Miscellaneous revenueChange in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,284) Increase (decrease) in the pension liability (155,345) Total adjustments(11,391)	Principal paid on debt		(368,164)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense Miscellaneous revenue516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,284) Increase (decrease) in et pension liability (115,345) Total adjustments(11,391)	Contributed capital revenue		222,908
related financing activities648,573CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES544Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,32,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year2,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:1,006,950Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:686,682)Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) 1ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,380 1ncrease (decrease) in net pension liability (155,345) Total adjustments(2,284) 357,057	Interest expense and fiscal charges	_	(139,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,380 Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(155,345) 357,057			
Interest received544Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:1,006,950Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH-PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:(86,682)Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories:516,967Depreciation and amortization expense730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses 8,3808,380Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	related financing activities	_	648,573
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities544Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:1,006,950Cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,7692,528,769Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:1,521,819Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:-Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense (Increase) decrease in receivables516,967 (11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (Increase (decrease) in the pension liability (It55,345) Total adjustments(1155,345)Total adjustments357,057	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,396,176Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:1,006,950Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ <b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASHPROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b> Operating income (loss)Adjustments to reconcile operating activities:Cash flows reported in other categories:Depreciation and amortization expenseMiscellaneous revenue(Increase) decrease in receivables(Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses(Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(11,391)Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilityTotal adjustments357,057	Interest received	_	544
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(11,391) (155,345) 357,057	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	544
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year1,132,593Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year\$Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(11,391) (155,345) 357,057	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,396,176
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss).Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) (11,791) (1ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,284) Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(155,345) (155,345)	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		1,132,593
Cash and cash equivalents1,006,950Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:-Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(11,391) (155,345) 357,057	Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	2,528,769
Restricted cash and cash equivalents1,521,819Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$Z,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss).Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense.Depreciation and amortization expense (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(11,391) (155,345) (155,345)	Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:		
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,528,769RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)-Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense(86,682)Depreciation and amortization expense516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) (11,391) (Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (2,284) (155,345) (155,345)Total adjustments357,057	Cash and cash equivalents		1,006,950
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments(155,345)	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	1,521,819
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:(86,682)Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (2,284) Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	2,528,769
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:(86,682)Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (2,284) Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH		_
Operating income (loss)(86,682)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (2,284)(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			(86,687)
net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation and amortization expense Miscellaneous revenue516,967 730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391) 8,380 (2,284) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380 (2,284) (155,345) 357,057			(00,002)
Cash flows reported in other categories:516,967Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities:(11,391)Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			
Depreciation and amortization expense516,967Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			
Miscellaneous revenue730Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			516,967
(Increase) decrease in receivables(11,391)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses8,380Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	Change in assets and liabilities:		
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues(2,284)Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057	(Increase) decrease in receivables		(11,391)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability(155,345)Total adjustments357,057			
Total adjustments 357,057			
		_	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 270,375	Total adjustments	_	357,057
	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	270,375

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

The City of Harrah, Oklahoma (the City) is a municipal corporation organized as a Town on May 12, 1908, and became a City on August 26, 1992. The City is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. The City operates under a Council-Manager Charter form of government under Title 11 of the *Oklahoma Statutes*. The City provides the following services to its citizens: public safety (police and fire), streets and highways, sanitation, social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, utilities, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Financial Reporting Entity** - The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Each blended unit has a June 30 fiscal year end.

**Blended Component Units.** The Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA) was created February 27, 1991 pursuant to a Trust Indenture to finance, develop, and operate the water, wastewater, and solid waste activities of the City. Council members serve as Trustees and the City Manager is the General Manager. The rates for user charges and debt authorization are approved by the city council. The HPWA is reported as an enterprise fund type.

The Harrah Industrial and Economic Development Trust (HIEDT) was created April 15, 1988 pursuant to a Trust Indenture purpose is to finance and promote industrial development and economic growth. The mayor and vice mayor members serve as trustees and the City Manager is General Manager. The Authority is reported as a governmental fund.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable. Each component unit is a Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through the issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. In accordance with state law, all debt obligations incurred by public trusts require 2/3 approval by the City Council. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authority to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trust, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Basis of Presentation and Accounting:

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements** - The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues within the statement of activities that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- Public Safety Police and Fire fines and forfeitures, fire run charges, 911 revenues, operating and capital grants
- Streets commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State, operating and capital grants
- Culture and Recreation recreation fees and operating grants
- General Government licenses and permits and operating and capital grants

All governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### Governmental Funds:

#### Major Funds:

#### The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts and reports for all financial resources not required to be reported in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - accounts for designated revenues and the purchase and construction of capital projects.

#### Aggregated Non-Major Funds (reported as Other Governmental Funds):

The following are the City's non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - accounts for the proceeds of government grants or specific revenue sources (other than grants applicable to enterprise fund activities, expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Street & Alley Fund
- Harrah Industrial Economic Development Trust
- Park Funds

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are reported when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and normally payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue available as collected within 60 days of the period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statement is the result of the use of the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting at the government-wide level.

The General Fund is considered a major fund and therefore displayed in a separate column. All other governmental funds are considered non-major funds and are aggregated under the column Other Governmental Funds.

#### Proprietary Funds:

The following are the City's major proprietary funds:

<u>Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA)</u> - accounts for the revenues from operations of water, sanitary sewer, and solid waste systems.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in financial position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

#### Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity

a. *Deposits and Investments* - Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the City can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless law expressly prohibits such investment.

For financial statement presentation and for purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with maturity dates of three months or less. Debt instruments with a maturity date of three months from the date of issue are considered investments. Investments are stated at cost.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- b. *Restricted Cash and Investments* The restricted debt fund cash and investments are the result of financial requirements of debt issues and consist of funds held in accounts with the Trustee bank. Under terms and provisions of the Bond Indenture, these special accounts and reserves funds are maintained for the benefit of the holders of the bonds and notes and are not subject to lien or attachment by any other creditors. These accounts and reserve funds are to be maintained so long as any of the related bonds or notes are outstanding. Monies contained in the accounts and reserve funds held by the Trustee are required to be continuously invested in authorized securities that mature not later than the respective dates when the funds shall be required for the purpose intended by the trust indenture.
- c. Fair Value of Financial Instruments The City's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The City's estimates of fair value of all financial instruments do not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.
- d. *Receivables and payables* In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received.

- e. *Inventory* Inventories in both governmental funds and proprietary funds normally consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of such inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.
- f. Interfund Receivable and Payables Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to / due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to / from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

g. *Capital Assets* - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, the majority of which generally consists of donated land and infrastructure which is recorded in the governmental funds and donated water and sewer distribution systems which are recorded in the proprietary funds, are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 - 65 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings & infrastructure	10 - 20 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	3 - 7 years

- h. *Compensated Absences* Under the terms of union contracts and City personnel policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for vacation leave accumulated and vested accumulated sick leave. Vesting of sick leave by employees and maximum number of hours that can be accumulated for vacation and sick leave are dependent upon an employees' years of service. Upon retirement, employees are paid one-half of accumulated sick leave and accumulated vacation time, subject to the above limitations.
- i. Long-term Debt In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, issuance costs and losses on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred losses on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issues is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt services expenditures.

- j. *Claims and Judgments Payable* Under state law, judgments against the City can be paid over three years or can be paid immediately. The General Fund pays all claims and judgments. A liability has been recorded within the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements for claims and judgments payable. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they will be paid from current financial resources.
- k. *Pensions* For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's multiemployer pension plans and additions to/deductions from the multiemployer pension plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- l. *Fund Equity* In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:
  - 1. *Net investment in capital assets* Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets.
  - 2. *Restricted net position* Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The most significant restriction as of June 30, 2015 related to three ordinances benefiting the City's wastewater system which provide funds that are being held to complete capital projects.
  - 3. Unrestricted net position All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. For projects funded with tax-exempt debt proceeds and other sources, the debt proceeds are used first.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

- a) *Nonspendable* Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.
- b) *Restricted* Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) *Committed* Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. To commit these funds, formal action is required by the City Council either by resolution or ordinance that identifies the specific circumstances under which the resources may be expended.
- d) Assigned Includes fund balance amount that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance of the classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.
- e) Unassigned Includes the residual balance of the General Fund that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes with the General Fund.

#### Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

- a. Sales Taxes Sales taxes are collected by vendors and required to be remitted to the State of Oklahoma by the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month following collection. The tax is then paid to the City by the 10<sup>th</sup> of the next month. A two-month lag exists between collection by the vendor and payment to the City by the State. Revenue received in July and August from sales made in May and June, respectively, is available for prior year expenses and is accrued in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- b. Intergovernmental Revenues/Capital Grants Earned Revenues from Federal and State operating grants are recognized when expenditures are made. Similarly, capital grants are considered earned when the expenditures are made. The earned portion of capital grants in Proprietary Funds is treated as a capital contribution within the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

c. Investment Earnings - Investment earnings on pooled cash and investments are allocated on a pro-rata basis to the City's funds based on the percentage of each fund's average monthend pooled cash balance.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Reclassifications** - Certain amounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

**New Accounting Pronouncements** - Effective July 1, 2014, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. GASB No. 68 establishes standards of measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflow of resources, deferred inflow of resources, and pension expense. GASB No. 68 also details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. A prior period adjustment of \$1,847,098 was made to unrestricted net position to account for these items.

#### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

The following notes present detailed information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, Net Position/fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

#### Cash and Investments

A summary of cash and investments shown in the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 2,596,610 0
Total	\$ 2,596,610

#### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

The local government had the following deposits and investments at June 30, 2015:

			Maturities in Years		
	Credit	Fair	On	Less	
	rating	value	demand	than 1	1-5
Demand deposits and		\$			
cash on hand	(1)	2,596,610	2,596,610		-
Money market mutual funds	AAA	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	(1)	 -	-	-	-
Total		\$ 2,596,610	2,596,610	-	-

(1) Note subject to rating

Standard and Poor's (S&P) was the source for all credit ratings reported above.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2015, the City held deposits of approximately \$2,857,688 at financial institutions. The City's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with the securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

#### Investment Interest Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by Federal Housing Administrator, and obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraph (a.-d.).

#### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

#### Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City has the following of credit risk: 0% in Certificates of deposit and 100% in Money Market funds.

#### **Receivables and Uncollectible Accounts**

Receivables as of June 30, 2015, for the City of Harrah's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			Capital	Nonmajor	Harrah
		General	Project	Governmental	Public Works
		Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Authority
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	83,755	-	-	332,165
Due from other governments	_	99,025	44,937	4,507	
Gross receivables		182,780	44,937	4,507	332,165
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	_	-	-	-	187,239
Net total receivables	\$	182,780	44,937	4,507	144,926

#### **Restricted Assets**

The Harrah Public Works Authority has issued Utility System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2008 include restricted cash and investments for unexpended construction funds, debt service funds for repayment of the principal and interest when due. In addition, restricted assets include funds held on utility customer deposits. Funds related to the Series 2008 Sales Tax Revenue Note are on deposit with trustee banks.

Utility Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2008 :	
Project account	\$ 192,393
Debt service	62,137
Utility Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015 :	
Project account	1,133,964
Debt service	39,730
Meter deposit funds	93,595
Total restricted assets	\$ 1,521,819

#### NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

#### Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activities for the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

#### Governmental activities

Land         \$         101,528         -         -         101,528           Total capital assets not being depreciated         101,528         -         -         101,528           Capital assets being depreciated :           101,528         -         -         101,528           Buildings and improvements         1,279,163         -         -         1,279,163         .         -         1,279,163           Machinery and equipment         1,889,423         46,527         -         1,885,950         .         1,825,972           Total capital assets being depreciated         6,120,339         89,290         -         6,209,629           Less accumulated depreciation for :         Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         -         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (482,360)         (51,303)         (687,817)         .         .         .           Total accumulated depreciated, net         (728,231)         (71,586)         .         (667,817)           Total capital assets not being depreciated :         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .	Capital assets not being depreciated :				
Capital assets being depreciated :	Land	\$ 101,528			101,528
Buildings and improvements         1,279,163         1,279,163           Machinery and equipment         1,180,888         26,656         1,207,544           Vehicles         1,849,423         46,527         1,895,950           Infrastructure         1,810,865         16,107         1,826,972           Total capital assets being depreciated         6,120,339         89,290         6,209,629           Less accumulated depreciation for :         Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,287,853)         (69,108)         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         (867,817)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         5         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -         -           Capital assets not being depreciated :         Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -           Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -	Total capital assets not being depreciated	 101,528			101,528
Machinery and equipment         1,180,888         26,656         1,207,544           Vehicles         1,849,423         46,527         1,895,950           Infrastructure         1,810,865         16,107         1,226,972           Totat capital assets being depreciated         6,120,339         89,290         6,209,629           Less accumulated depreciation for :         Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,287,853)         (69,108)         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         (867,817)           Total acquital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         S         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -         -         -           Capital assets not being depreciated :         Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -         -           Buildings and improvements         475,934         -         -         -         -         -         -	Capital assets being depreciated :				
Vehicles         1,849,423         46,527         1,895,950           Infrastructure         1,810,865         16,107         1,826,972           Total capital assets being depreciated         6,120,339         89,290         6,209,629           Less accumulated depreciation for :         Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,257,853)         (69,108)         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         (867,817)           Total acquital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Buildings and improvements         \$         _         _         _         _           Land         \$         _         _         _         _           Buildings and improvements         475,934         _         _         _           Land         \$         _         _         _         _           Diditia assets not being depreciated :         _         _         _	Buildings and improvements	1,279,163	-	-	1,279,163
Infrastructure       1,810,865       16,107       -       1,826,972         Total capital assets being depreciated       6,120,339       89,290       -       6,209,629         Less accumulated depreciation for :       Buildings and improvements       (470,482)       (40,124)       -       (510,606)         Machinery and equipment       (842,360)       (51,303)       (893,663)       Vehicles       (1,327,853)       (69,108)       -       (1,356,961)         Infrastructure       (796,231)       (71,586)       -       (867,817)       Total capital assets being depreciated, net       2,723,413       (142,831)       -       2,580,582         Governmental activities       Governmental activities capital assets, net       \$       2,824,941       (142,831)       -       2,682,110         Buisiness-type activities       Capital assets not being depreciated :	Machinery and equipment	1,180,888	26,656	-	1,207,544
Total capital assets being depreciated         6,120,339         89,290         .         6,209,629           Less accumulated depreciation for :         Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         .         (510,666)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,287,853)         (69,108)         .         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         .         (867,817)           Total accumulated depreciation         (3,396,926)         (232,121)         .         (3,629,047)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         .         2,580,582           Governmental activities         Governmental activities         .         .         .         .           Land         S         .         .         .         .         .         .           Capital assets not being depreciated :         .	Vehicles	1,849,423	46,527	-	1,895,950
Less accumulated depreciation for :         (470,482)         (40,124)         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,287,853)         (69,108)         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         (867,817)           Total accumulated depreciation         (3,396,926)         (232,121)         (3,629,047)           Total accumulated depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Business-type activities	Infrastructure	 1,810,865	16,107	-	1,826,972
Buildings and improvements         (470,482)         (40,124)         (510,606)           Machinery and equipment         (842,360)         (51,303)         (893,663)           Vehicles         (1,287,853)         (69,108)         (1,356,961)           Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         (867,817)           Total accumulated depreciation         (3,396,926)         (232,121)         (3,629,047)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Buildings and improvements         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         2,682,110           Capital assets not being depreciated :	Total capital assets being depreciated	 6,120,339	89,290	-	6,209,629
Machinery and equipment       (842,360)       (51,303)       (893,663)         Vehicles       (1,287,853)       (69,108)       -       (1,356,961)         Infrastructure       (796,231)       (71,586)       -       (867,817)         Total accumulated depreciation       (3,396,926)       (232,121)       -       (3,629,047)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       2,723,413       (142,831)       -       2,580,582         Governmental activities       S       2,824,941       (142,831)       -       2,682,110         Business-type activities       Capital assets not being depreciated :       -       -       -       -         Land       \$       - <td>Less accumulated depreciation for :</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Less accumulated depreciation for :				
Vehicles       (1,287,853)       (69,108)       -       (1,356,961)         Infrastructure       (796,231)       (71,586)       -       (867,817)         Total accumulated depreciation       (3,396,926)       (232,121)       -       (3,629,047)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       2,723,413       (142,831)       -       2,580,582         Governmental activities capital assets, net       S       2,824,941       (142,831)       -       2,682,110         Business-type activities       Capital assets not being depreciated :       -       -       -       -         Land       \$       -       -       -       -       -       -         Total capital assets not being depreciated :       - <td>Buildings and improvements</td> <td>(470,482)</td> <td>(40,124)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(510,606)</td>	Buildings and improvements	(470,482)	(40,124)	-	(510,606)
Infrastructure         (796,231)         (71,586)         .         (867,817)           Total accumulated depreciation         (3,396,926)         (232,121)         .         (3,629,047)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         .         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         .         2,682,110           Business-type activities         .         .         .         .         .         .           Capital assets not being depreciated :         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .           Buildings and improvements         475,934         .         <	Machinery and equipment	(842,360)	(51,303)		(893,663)
Total accumulated depreciation         (3,396,926)         (232,121)         .         (3,629,047)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         2,723,413         (142,831)         .         2,580,582           Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         .         2,682,110           Business-type activities         Capital assets not being depreciated :         .	Vehicles	(1,287,853)	(69,108)	-	(1,356,961)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net       2,723,413       (142,831)       -       2,580,582         Governmental activities capital assets, net       \$       2,824,941       (142,831)       -       2,682,110         Business-type activities       Capital assets not being depreciated :       -	Infrastructure	 (796,231)	(71,586)	-	(867,817)
Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$         2,824,941         (142,831)         -         2,682,110           Business-type activities         Capital assets not being depreciated :         -         <	Total accumulated depreciation	(3,396,926)	(232,121)	-	(3,629,047)
Business-type activities           Capital assets not being depreciated :           Land         \$	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,723,413	(142,831)	-	2,580,582
Capital assets not being depreciated :       \$       -	Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,824,941	(142,831)		2,682,110
Land       \$       -       -       -         Total capital assets not being depreciated       -       <	Business-type activities				
Total capital assets not being depreciated       -       -       -         Capital assets being depreciated :       -       -       -       -         Buildings and improvements       475,934       -       -       475,934         Equipment and vehicles       1,151,664       192,909       -       1,344,573         Water and sewer infrastructure       16,013,747       30,000       -       16,043,747         Industrial Park       398,926       -       -       398,926         Total capital assets being depreciated       18,040,271       222,909       -       18,263,180         Less accumulated depreciation for :       -       -       306,594)       -       -       306,594)         Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,8	Capital assets not being depreciated :				
Capital assets being depreciated :       475,934       -       475,934         Buildings and improvements       475,934       -       475,934         Equipment and vehicles       1,151,664       192,909       -       1,344,573         Water and sewer infrastructure       16,013,747       30,000       -       16,043,747         Industrial Park       398,926       -       398,926       -       398,926         Total capital assets being depreciated       18,040,271       222,909       -       18,263,180         Less accumulated depreciation for :        -       -       306,594)         Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Land	\$ -	-	-	-
Buildings and improvements       475,934       -       475,934         Equipment and vehicles       1,151,664       192,909       -       1,344,573         Water and sewer infrastructure       16,013,747       30,000       -       16,043,747         Industrial Park       398,926       -       -       398,926         Total capital assets being depreciated       18,040,271       222,909       -       18,263,180         Less accumulated depreciation for :         -       306,594)         Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (8,724,755)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Total capital assets not being depreciated	 -	-	-	-
Equipment and vehicles1,151,664192,909-1,344,573Water and sewer infrastructure16,013,74730,000-16,043,747Industrial Park398,926398,926Total capital assets being depreciated18,040,271222,909-18,263,180Less accumulated depreciation for :(306,594)Buildings and improvements(294,897)(11,697)-(306,594)Equipment and vehicles(767,969)(116,936)-(884,905)Water and sewer infrastructure(6,975,061)(378,361)-(7,353,422)Industrial Park(169,861)(9,973)-(179,834)Total accumulated depreciation(8,207,788)(516,967)-(8,724,755)Total capital assets being depreciated, net9,832,483(294,058)-9,538,425	Capital assets being depreciated :	 			
Water and sewer infrastructure       16,013,747       30,000       -       16,043,747         Industrial Park       398,926       -       -       398,926         Total capital assets being depreciated       18,040,271       222,909       -       18,263,180         Less accumulated depreciation for :         -       (306,594)         Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Buildings and improvements	475,934	-	-	475,934
Water and sewer infrastructure       16,013,747       30,000       -       16,043,747         Industrial Park       398,926       -       -       398,926         Total capital assets being depreciated       18,040,271       222,909       -       18,263,180         Less accumulated depreciation for :         -       (306,594)         Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Equipment and vehicles	1,151,664	192,909	-	1,344,573
Total capital assets being depreciated         18,040,271         222,909         -         18,263,180           Less accumulated depreciation for :               18,040,271         222,909         -         18,263,180           Less accumulated depreciation for : <td>Water and sewer infrastructure</td> <td>16,013,747</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>16,043,747</td>	Water and sewer infrastructure	16,013,747		-	16,043,747
Less accumulated depreciation for :	Industrial Park	398,926	-	-	398,926
Buildings and improvements       (294,897)       (11,697)       -       (306,594)         Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Total capital assets being depreciated	 18,040,271	222,909	-	18,263,180
Equipment and vehicles       (767,969)       (116,936)       -       (884,905)         Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Less accumulated depreciation for :	 			
Water and sewer infrastructure       (6,975,061)       (378,361)       -       (7,353,422)         Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Buildings and improvements	(294,897)	(11,697)	-	(306,594)
Industrial Park       (169,861)       (9,973)       -       (179,834)         Total accumulated depreciation       (8,207,788)       (516,967)       -       (8,724,755)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       9,832,483       (294,058)       -       9,538,425	Equipment and vehicles	(767,969)	(116,936)	-	(884,905)
Total accumulated depreciation         (8,207,788)         (516,967)         -         (8,724,755)           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         9,832,483         (294,058)         -         9,538,425	Water and sewer infrastructure	(6,975,061)	(378,361)	-	(7,353,422)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net         9,832,483         (294,058)         9,538,425	Industrial Park	(169,861)	(9,973)	-	(179,834)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net         9,832,483         (294,058)         9,538,425	Total accumulated depreciation	 · · · · · ·			<u>·</u>
	•	 		-	
	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,832,483	(294,058)	-	9,538,425

## NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	52,471
Fire department		40,453
Police department		57,899
Park department		81,298
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	_	232,121
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer		516,967
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	516,967

## Deposits Subject to Refund

Utility customers are required to make a meter deposit, which is refunded upon the customer's termination of services, provided there are no outstanding bills. Monies are deposited in separate accounts, and a liability has been recorded to represent the amount of deposits due to customers. As of June 30, 2015, cash and investments included \$87,630 available for refund of customer deposits, while the liability to customers was \$87,935.

Appearance bonds and other payments made to the municipal court funds are held until final disposition by the court at which time they are refunded to the bondholder or paid over to the City general fund as fines. As of June 30, 2015, \$1,446 was being held that was subject to refund.

## Long-term Debt

Long-term liabilities of the City of Harrah as of June 30, 2015, are as summarized as follows:

118,754

118,754

#### Governmental activities:

\$284,286 capital lease with no termination cost, dated February 8, 2012, payable
in annual installments of \$62,049, with a final payment due February 8, 2017,
inclusive of interest at 3.50%, secured by a fire truck.

Total governmental activities

# NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Business-type activities: Revenue notes payable: \$2,220,000 Clean Water SRF Series 2004 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB), dated December 16, 2004, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due Sept. 15, 2025; interest rate of 2.60% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.	\$	1,341,003
\$1,470,000 Utilities System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2008, payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$70,000 over 13 years plus interest due at 3.73% secured by pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.		780,000
\$1,930,000 Clean Water SRF Series 2009 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB), dated May 29, 2009, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due March 15, 2030; interest rate of 2.35% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.		1,034,365
\$490,000 Drinking Water SRF Series 2011 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB), dated October 1, 2011, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due March 15, 2032; interest rate of 3.05% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.		434,219
\$526,000 capital lease with no termination costs, dated August 17, 2012, payable in monthly installments of \$7,239 inclusive of interest at 4.25%, secured by certain capital equipment.		365,579
\$1,220,000 Utilities System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015, payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$50,000 over 15 years plus interest due at 2.56% secured by pledge of a three cent sales tax and		
water and sewer revenues.		1,220,000
Total net revenue bonds and notes payable	÷—	5,175,166
Total business-type activities	°—	5,175,166

## NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015, and changes therein were as follows:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities					
Note payable - Fire truck \$	175,562	-	56,808	118,754	58,504
Total governmental activities	175,562	-	56,808	118,754	58,504
Business-type activities					
••					
Notes payable:					
OWRB Series 2004	1,454,073	-	113,070	1,341,003	116,341
OWRB Series 2009	1,088,776	-	54,411	1,034,365	55,915
OWRB Series 2011	453,386	-	19,168	434,218	19,729
Water meters	437,096	-	71,516	365,580	74,237
Revenue note - Series 2008	890,000	-	110,000	780,000	120,000
Revenue note - Series 2015	-	1,220,000		1,220,000	70,000
Total business-type activities \$	4,323,331	1,220,000	368,165	5,175,166	456,222

## Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, excluding accrued compensated absences, with interest rates applicable at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

			Busines	s-type
	Governmenta	al Activities	<u>Activi</u>	ties
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Year Ending				
June 30,				
2016	58,504	3,545	456,222	148,503
2017	60,250	1,798	465,003	134,402
2018	-	-	483,849	119,172
2019	-	-	492,988	103,368
2020			477,321	87,453
2021-2025	-	-	1,724,475	257,869
2026-2030	-	-	1,011,706	8,284
2031-2035	-	-	63,602	2,483
Totals	\$ 118,754	5,343	5,175,166	861,534

## NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Applicability of Federal Arbitrage Regulations - Debt issuances of the City and Authorities issued after the Tax Reform Act of 1986 are subject to the federal arbitrage regulations. The arbitrage rebate regulations require that all earnings from investment of gross proceeds of a debt issue in excess of the amount that could have been earned had the yield on the investment been equal to the yield on the bonds be remitted to the federal government. These carry strict penalties for noncompliance including taxability of interest retroactive to the date of the issue. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with these rules and regulations.

#### Non-Commitment Debt

#### Harrah Tax Increment Finance Authority Revenue Notes- Series 2009

On December 28, 2008, the Harrah Tax Increment Finance Authority issued tax increment revenue notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,760,000 with a maturity date on July 1, 2035. The Notes will be issued on a drawdown basis as project costs are incurred. The Notes shall bear interest and principal on a monthly basis, as more fully set out in a Loan Agreement and Security Agreement dated December 1, 2009. The Notes were issued in furtherance of the implementation of the Harrah Town Center Economic Development Project Plan. The proceeds of the Notes are financing the certain project costs outlined in the Project Plan.

The Notes are secured by a pledge of certain ad valorem tax and sales and use revenues generated within the Increment District. The Notes are a limited obligation of the Authority and does not constitute an obligation of the State of Oklahoma or the City of Harrah. The Authority has no taxing power.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Authority received and paid \$35,585 of sales tax related to the Tax Increment District.

#### Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax Pledge</u> - The City has entered into a Sales Tax Agreement dated February 1, 2008 of future sales tax revenues to repay the 2004, 2008, 2009, 2011 and 2015 Revenue Notes which are payable through March 15, 2032. Proceeds from the notes provided funding for improvements and expansion of the water and sanitary sewer systems. The total principal and interest payable for the remaining life of the notes is \$5,717,185. Pledged sales tax received in the current year was \$1,561,231. Debt service payments on the 2004, 2008, 2009, 2011 and 2015 Revenue Notes of \$412,268 for the current fiscal year were 26.4% of pledged sales tax.

<u>Utility Revenue Pledge</u> - The City has pledged the revenues from future sale of water to repay the 2004, 2008, 2009, 2011 and 2015 revenue notes which are payable through March 15, 2032. Proceeds from the notes provided funding for improvements and expansion of the water and sanitary sewer systems. The total principal and interest payable for the remaining life of the notes is \$5,717,185. Water and sewer revenues received in the current year were \$1,205,944. Debt service payments of \$412,268 for the current fiscal year were 34.2% of the pledged water and sewer revenues.

## NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences of the City of Harrah as of June 30, 2015, are as summarized as follows:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 68,039 41,508
Total compensated absencies	\$ 109,547

#### Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Harrah Public Works Authority	\$ 28,757
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	1,599
Capital Projects Fund	Harrah Ind. Econ. Dev. Trust	 94,165
		\$ 124,521

Interfund transactions:

			Trans	sfers In	
					Harrah
		General	Capital	Nonmajor	Public Works
Transfer out:		<u>Fund</u>	<b>Projects</b>	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Authority</u>
General Fund	\$	-	516,684	42,423	516,684
Capital Projects Fund		57,500	-	-	-
Nonmajor Governmental		-	-	-	-
Harrah Public Works Auth	nority	40,000		<u> </u>	
Totals	\$	97,500	516,684	42,423	516,684

## NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

## Prior Period Adjustments

Beginning fund balance/net position were restated as of June 30, 2015 as follows:

	Harrah	Government-Wide		
	Public Works	Governmental	Business-type	
	 Authority	Activities	Activities	
Beginning fund/balance/net position, as previously reported	\$ 6,612,053	4,318,822	6,612,053	
Implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 & 71	 (591,704)	(1,255,394)	(591,704)	
Beginning fund/balance/net position, as restated	\$ 6,020,349	3,063,428	6,020,349	

## NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; unemployment; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability Covered through purchased insurance with a \$1,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Physical Property Covered through purchased insurance with a \$1,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Workers' Compensation The City is a member of the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage through the State Insurance Fund to participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, the Plan is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the Plan year.

As a matter of the Plan, the City is required to pay fees set by the Plan according to an established payment schedule. The City is responsible for complying with all requirements of the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Act. A loss Fund has been established from the proceeds of the fees paid by the City. The City expensed these fees when paid. The State Insurance Fund provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the City's Liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of that fund. However, failure of the State Insurance Fund to honor its obligations could result in losses to the Plan.

## **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

• Employee's Group Medical - Covered through purchased insurance with a deductible of \$1,000 per employee and \$3,000 per family.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

## General Litigation

The City and Utilities Authority are parties to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the selfinsurance reserves maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance reserves would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal and state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

## Commitments

## Sales Tax Rebate Agreement

On September 11, 2014, the City entered into a sales tax rebate agreement with a developer as an incentive to have the developer construct a restaurant. The rebate of a portion of the sales tax is based on a calculation set forth in the agreement for a period of twenty-four from the date of first sales. As of June 30, 2015 the City has paid and accrued cumulative rebates of \$3,539.

#### Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government entity, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. Title 11, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund of the City (excluding public trusts). At June 30, 2015, the City did not have deficits in any funds.

## **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

## **Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans**

The City participates in five employee pension systems as follows:

Names of Plan/System	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	Agent Multiple Employer - Defined Contribution Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	Agent Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	City Manager Retirement Plan - Defined Contribution Plan

## **Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS)**

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Harrah, as the employer, participates in the Police Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/pprs</u>.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the Plan.

The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participant's contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment had continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated based on two and a half percent (2.5%) of final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participant's final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit. Effective July 1, 1999, a \$5,000 death benefit is also paid, in addition to any survivor's pension benefits under the Plan, to the participant's beneficiary or estate for active or retired members.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute eight percent (8%) of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute thirteen percent (13%) of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$37,865. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$32,305; these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities/Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset of \$34,718 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2014. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.10%.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,725. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	15,598
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	122,027
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions			-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	37,865	
Total	\$	37,865 \$	137,625

\$37,865 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2016 \$	33,733
2017	33,733
2018	33,733
2019	33,733
2020	2,693
\$	137,625

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	3%
Salary increases:	4.5% to 17.0% averages, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	25%	2.83%
Domestic equity	45%	6.47%
International equity	10%	6.98%
Real estate	5%	5.50%
Private equity	10%	5.96%
Commodities	5%	3.08%

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing fourteen percent (14%) of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net position liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

-	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	*	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability(asset) \$	206,564 \$	(34,718)	\$	(238,064)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/pprs.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - There are no payables to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Harrah, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OFPRS. OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/fprs</u>.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - OFPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the Plan.

Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5% of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5% of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum, death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute nine percent (9%) of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute fourteen percent (14%) of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$28,004. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OFPRS in the amount of \$70,080; these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At June 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$789,690 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2014. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.07%.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$70,925. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,816	; -
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	119,537
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	28,004	
Total	\$ 46,820	5 119,537

\$28,004 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016 \$	(26,369)
2017	(26,369)
2018	(26,369)
2019	(26,369)
2020	3502
Thereafter	1253
\$	(100,721)

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 9.0% averages, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	5.48%
Domestic equity	37%	9.61%
International equity	20%	9.24%
Real estate	10%	7.76%
Other assets	13%	6.88%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing thirty-six percent (36%) of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net position liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

	-	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	<b>.</b> _	1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$	1,031,161 \$	789,690	\$	587,237

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OFPRS; which can be located at <u>www.ok.gov/fprs</u>.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - There are no payables to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund - Defined Benefit Plan (OkMRF)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer - defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website - <u>www.okmrf.org/reports.html</u>. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value based on published market prices. Detail information about the OkMRF plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OkMRF financial report.

# NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

# **Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions**

	As of July 1, 2014
Provision	OMRF Plan
a. Eligible to participate	Full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.
b. Period Required to Vest	5 years of credited service.
c. Eligibility for Distribution	<ul> <li>Normal retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service.</li> <li>Early retirement at age 55 with 5 years of service.</li> <li>Disability retirement upon disability with 7 years of service.</li> <li>Death benefit with 7 years of service for married employees.</li> </ul>
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 calendar years of service.
e. Benefit Determination Methods:	
Normal Retirement	-1.875% of final average salary multiplied by credited years of service.
Early Retirement	-Actuarially reduced benefit based upon age, final average salary, and years of service at termination.
Disability Retirement	-Same as normal retirement.
Death Benefit	-50% of employee's accrued benefit, but terminates upon spouse remarriage.
Prior to 7 Years Service	-No benefits.
f. Benefit Authorization	-Benefits are established and amended by City Council adoption of an ordinance in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102
g. Form of Benefit Payments	Normal form is a 60 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with City consent, option form based on actuarial equivalent.
Employees Covered by Benefit Ter	•
Active Employees	16
Deferred Vested Former Employee	
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	7
Total	26

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Contribution Requirements</u> - The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 18.04% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2014 and 17.55% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the City recognized \$120,396 of employer contributions to the plan which equals the actuarially determined amount based on covered payroll of \$667,383. Employees cannot contribute to the plan in accordance with the plan provisions adopted by the City Council.

#### Actuarial Assumptions -

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation a. Actuarial cost method	July 1, 2014 Entry age normal
b. Rate of Return on Investments and Discount Rate	7.75%
c. Projected Salary Increase	Varies between 7.42% and 4% based on age
d. Post Retirement Cost-of-Living Increase	None
e. Inflation Rate	<b>5</b> 3%
f. Mortality Table	UP 1994
g. Percent of Married Employees	100%
h. Spouse Age Difference	3 years (female spouses younger)
i. Turnover	Selected and ultimate rates Ultimate rates are age related as shown Additional rates per thousand are added during the first 5 years: Year 1: 215 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 95 Year 4: 65 Year 5: 40

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments, 7.75% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks S&P 500	25%	5.40%	1.35%
Small/mid cap stocks Russell 2500	10%	7.50%	0.75%
Long/short equity MSCI ACWI	10%	6.10%	0.61%
International stocks MSCI EAFE	20%	5.10%	1.02%
Fixed income bonds Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.60%	0.78%
Real estate NCREIF	5%	4.80%	0.24%
Cash equivalents 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	100%		
Average Real Return Inflation Long-term expected return			4.75% 3.00% 7.75%

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability</u> - The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2014 which is also the measurement date. There were no changes in assumptions or changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability. There were also no changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2014 and the City's report ending date of December 31, 2014, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability. The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability:

	SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension		
		Liability	Position	Liability		
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)		
Balances Beginning of Year	\$	2,320,222	1,449,729	870,493		
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		9,417	-	9,417		
Interest expense		23,122	-	23,122		
Contributions - City		-	93,722	(93,722)		
Contributions - Members		-	35,145	(35,145)		
Net investment income		-	241,750	(241,750)		
Expected return on plan investments		-	-	-		
Expected portion of current period						
differences between actual and						
expected returns on plan investments		-	-	-		
Non expenses portion of earnings on						
plan investments above expectation						
(amortized over closed 5 year period)		-	-	-		
Benefits paid		(65,202)	(65,202)	-		
Plan administrative expenses		-	(3,586)	3,586		
Change in deferred contributions made						
subsequent to the measurement date		-	-	-		
Net Changes		(32,663)	301,829	(334,492)		
Balances End of Year	\$	2,287,559	1,751,558	536,001		

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net position liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.75%) or one percentage point higher - (8.75%) than the current rate:

	 (6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
Employer's total pension liability	\$ 2,561,837	\$ 2,287,559	\$ 2,056,218
Employer's plan net fiduciary position	1,751,558	1,751,558	1,751,558
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 810,279	\$ 536,001	\$ 304,660

The City reported \$120,363 in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	-
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	20,162
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	95,351	-
Total	\$	95,351 \$	20,162

<u>Amortization of Pension Deferrals</u> - Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (excluding deferred outflows related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date) and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2016 \$	(5,040)
2017	(5,040)
2018	(5,041)
2019	(5,041)
\$	(20,162)

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - There are no payables to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

## OMRF Defined Contribution Plan (DC) -

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Harrah Plan and Trust (the Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank, Oklahoma. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire and police programs. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate upon employment, and are required to make contributions to the plan of 2% and make additional contributions at their option. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions at a current rate of 1% of covered payroll. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee account) are vested at a rate of 100% after 5 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining participants. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City contributed \$6,341 to the plan, while the employee contributions totaled \$16,187 on a covered payroll of \$634,046.

OMRF issues separate plan financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, 525 Central Park Dr., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105.

## OMRF City Manager Defined Contribution Plan (CMO) -

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Harrah City Manager Retirement Plan and Trust (CMO Plan). The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. According to state law, the authority for establishing or amending the plan's provisions and contribution requirements rests with the city council. This plan is available only to the City Manager. The employee does not contribute to the plan and the employer makes variable contributions to the fund. For the current year, the employer contribution was \$10,250.

#### Deferred Compensation Plan

The City makes available to all full-time employees a deferred compensation plan. The DC Plan was created in accordance with Section 457 of the *Internal Revenue Code*, and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or in case of an unforeseeable emergency.

## **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

The City makes no contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan which the employees may contribute up to a maximum of 25% of compensation of \$17,500 annually, whichever is less. Vesting in such contributions is 100% immediately. During the year ended June 30, 2015, employees contributed \$3,763 to the DC Plan.

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

*Plan Description:* City provides post-retirement benefit options for health care, prescription drug and dental benefits for retired employees and their dependents that elect to make required contributions. The benefits are provided in accordance with State Law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). The relationship for these benefits is not formalized in a contract or plan document, only a few sentences in the administrative policy. These benefits are considered for accounting purposes to be provided in accordance with a single employer substantive plan.

A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the City and plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employers and plan member and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs.

Substantially all of the government's employees may become eligible for those post-retirement benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The plan is only provided for employees between the ages of 55 and 65. As of June 30, 2015, approximately no retired employees are receiving benefits under this plan.

*Funding Policy*. The contribution requirement of the City is an implicit subsidy. The implicit subsidy is not a direct payment from the employer on behalf of the member but rather stems from retiree contribution levels that are less than the claims cost at retiree ages. Since claims experience for employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees are pooled when determining premiums, these retired members pay a premium based on a pool of members that, on average, are younger and healthier.

There is an implicit subsidy from the employee group since the premiums paid by the retirees are lower than they would have been if the retirees were insured separately. The subsidies are valued using the difference between the age-based claims costs and the premium paid by the retiree. The amount required to fund the implicit rate is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015, the City contributed 0% to the plan for previously retired employees (0 retirees) and 0% of premiums on newly retired employees (0 retirees).

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. GASB 45 requires entities with over

## NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

200 employees to have the actuarial valuation performed biennially. The City is not required to perform the actuarial valuation of the OPEB cost and related OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2015 since no one is participating at this time.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reporting amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

## New Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which will be effective in subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements, the fiscal year effective, and the City's consideration of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* was issued in February 2015 to enhance transparency and comparability of fair value measurements and disclosures in financial statement of state and local governments. The Standard establishes principles related to the measurement of fair value and the accounting for and financial reporting of assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The City has not yet evaluated the effects that GASB NO. 72 will have on its financial statements.

## Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 26, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On August 20, 2015 the City entered into a sales tax rebate agreement with Petrous Companies, LLC (Dollar General). The sales tax rebate period is for five years ending October 20, 2020. The sales tax rebate is subject to a maximum amount of \$60,000 or one-half of the incremental increase generated during the sales tax rebate period.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2014
<ol> <li>Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)</li> </ol>	0.103100%
2. Employer's proporionate share of the net	
pension liability (asset)	\$ (34,718)
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 267,062
<ol> <li>Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll</li> </ol>	-13.00%
of its covered-employee payroll	-13.00%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%

\* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2014.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer Contributions Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 37,501
Contributions in relation to the statutorily	
required contribution	\$ (37,501)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
City's covered-emplyee payroll	\$ 290,649
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	12.90%

\* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2014.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014
<ol> <li>Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)</li> </ol>	0.076800%
2. Employer's proporionate share of the net	
pension liability (asset)	\$ 789,690
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 203,260
<ol> <li>Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll</li> </ol>	388.51%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%

\* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2014.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer Contributions Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 28,701
Contributions in relation to the statutorily	
required contribution	\$ (28,701)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
City's covered-emplyee payroll	\$ 203,260
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	14.12%

\* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2014.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2014
Total pension liability	_	
Service cost	\$	9,417
Interest		23,122
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		- ((E 202)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	-	(65,202)
Net change in total pension liability		(32,663)
Total pension liability - beginning	_	2,320,222
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	2,287,559
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	93,722
Contributions - member		35,145
Net investment income		241,750
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(65,202)
Administrative expense		(3,586)
Other	_	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		301,829
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,449,729
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,751,558
	-	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	536,001
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
the total pension liability		76.57%
	~	((7.20)
Covered employee payroll	\$	667,383
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered -		
employee payroll		80.31%
cilipioyee payroli		00.31/0

\* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2014.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer Contributions Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 120,396
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 120,396
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 667,383
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.04%

## Notes to Schedule:

- 1. Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not available.
- 2. Latest Valuation Date: July 1, 2014
- Actuarially determined contribution rate is calculated as of July 1, 2013 and July 1, 2014 2013 - 17.55% 2014 - 18.04%
- 4. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal Amortization method - Level percent of payroll, closed Remaining amortization period - 29 years Asset valuation method - Actuarial: Smoothing period - 4 years Recognition method - Non-asymptotic Corridor - 70% - 130% Salary increases - 4.00% to 7.42% (varies by attained age) Investment rate of return - 7.50%

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Variance with Final Budget
		Budg			Over
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Under)</u>
REVENUES	~	2 204 000	2 20 4 000	2 4 40 74 4	
	\$	2,296,000	2,294,000	2,449,714	155,714
Intergovernmental		4,500	4,500	4,484	(16)
Licenses and permits		50,000	49,500	69,667	20,167
Fines and forfeitures		125,000	130,500	211,061	80,561
Interest		-	500	518	18
Miscellaneous		110,800	9,800	19,989	10,189
Total revenues		2,586,300	2,488,800	2,755,433	266,633
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
General government		204,022	231,054	178,504	52,550
City manager		3,200	3,744	3,919	(175)
Administration		277,504	268,523	269,650	(1,127)
Code enforcement		84,574	73,081	52,751	20,330
Legal		29,274	29,274	20,277	8,997
Public safety:				20,277	0,777
Police		801,273	797,273	696,491	100,782
K-9		12,500	12,500	8,718	3,782
Fire		467,869	464,694	363,430	101,264
Culture and recreation:		,	,	,	,
Senior citizen center		57,500	57,573	57,573	-
Total expenditures		1,937,716	1,937,716	1,651,313	286,403
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		648,584	551,084	1,104,120	553,036
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers		(962,000)	(935,868)	(978,291)	(42,423)
Net change in fund balances		(313,416)	(384,784)	125,829	510,613
					/= a = ac
Fund balances - beginning		393,415	393,415	1,044,137	650,722
Fund balances - ending	<u>ر</u>	79,999	8,631	1,169,966	1,161,335
i unu valances - enung	۶ <u> </u>	17,777	0,001	1,107,700	1,101,555

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budg	get		Variance with Final Budget Over
		<u>Original</u>	Final	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Under)</u>
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	135,000	135,000	-	(135,000)
Interest		500	500	335	(165)
Miscellaneous		150,000	150,000	-	(150,000)
Total revenues		285,500	285,500	335	(285,165)
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
General government		255,723	281,700	14,019	267,681
Public safety:					
Police		107,400	107,400	61,458	45,942
Fire		245,500	245,500	86,640	158,860
Culture and recreation:					
Senior citizen center		16,107	16,107	16,106	1
Parks		50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Streets		150,000	150,000	-	150,000
Public works		499,829	499,829	316,506	183,323
Total expenditures		1,324,559	1,350,536	494,729	855,807
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(1,039,059)	(1,065,036)	(494,394)	570,642
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)				
Transfers	, 	481,000	423,500	459,184	35,684
Net change in fund balances		(558,059)	(641,536)	(35,210)	606,326
Fund balances - beginning		558,059	641,536	696,712	55,176
Fund balances - ending	\$	-		661,502	661,502

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### City of Harrah, Oklahoma Notes to Required Supplemental Information On Budgetary Accounting and Control For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

#### Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at regular Council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds with revenues and/or expenditures/expenses as defined by State law are required to have annual budgets under this section of state law, except funds of public trusts or authorities. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. All transfers of appropriation between funds also require the approval of the City Council. The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Harrah Public Works Authority is required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of budget or definition of a legal spending limit.

#### Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets of the General Fund are prepared and presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. The City considers most all appropriations to lapse at year-end; any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are reappropriated in the next year's budget. As a result, encumbrances are not treated as the equivalent of expenditures in the budget and actual financial statements.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# City of Harrah, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds *June 30, 2015*

	-	Street &	Total Nonmajor Governmental		
ASSETS		Alley	Ind. Econ. <u>Dev. Trust</u>	Park <u>Funds</u>	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	77,723 4,507	12,247	9,419 -	99,389 4,507
TOTAL	-	82,230	12,247	9,419	103,896
TOTAL	=	02,230	12,247	,,,,,	105,070
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Deposits subject to refund		-	-	3,220	3,220
Due to other funds	-	-	94,165	-	94,165
Total Liabilities	-	-	94,165	3,220	97,385
Fund balances:					
Restricted Assigned		82,230	(81,918)	6,199 -	6,511 -
-	-				
Total Fund Balances	-	82,230	(81,918)	6,199	6,511
TOTAL	\$_	82,230	12,247	9,419	103,896

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## City of Harrah, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_		Special Revenue	2	Total
			Harrah		Nonmajor
		Street &	Ind. Econ.	Park	Governmental
REVENUES		<u>Alley</u>	<u>Dev. Trust</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$	52,205	-	-	52,205
Charge for services		-	-	3,780	3,780
Interest		-	7	3	10
Miscellaneous	_	-		-	-
Total revenues		52,205	7	3,783	55,995
EXPENDITURES					
Maintenance & operations		56,604	2,167	47,052	105,823
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	56,604	2,167	47,052	105,823
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(4,399)	(2,160)	(43,269)	(49,828)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	-	42,423	42,423
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses	_	-	-	42,423	42,423
-	-				· · · · · ·
Net change in fund balances		(4,399)	(2,160)	(846)	(7,405)
Fund balances-beginning		86,629	(79,758)	7,045	13,916
Fund balances-ending	\$	82,230	(81,918)	6,199	6,511

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ROBERT S. DILLON, CPA bobdilloncpa@gmail.com Phone: (405) 732-1800 Fax : (405) 737-7446

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Harrah, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Harrah's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2015.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Harrah's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harrah's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harrah's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Harrah's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dillon & Associates, P.C.

Midwest City, Oklahoma August 26, 2015

# City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

STATE GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	GRANTOR <u>NUMBER</u>	PROGRAM OR AWARD <u>AMOUNT</u>	STATE EXPENDITURES
STATE PROGRAMS State of Oklahoma			
Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Rural Fire Program		4,484	4,484
Oklahoma State Arts Council Small Grant Support		1,250	1,250
Total State of Oklahoma		5,734	5,734
Total State Assistance	:	\$5,734	5,734