

CITY OF HARRAH, OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CITY OF HARRAH, OKLAHOMA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICALS

City Council

Larry FryarMayorDuane PattersonVice-MayorKim BishopCouncilmanTom BarronCouncilmanJoe KrekeCouncilman

Earl Burson City Manager

Michele Cogdill Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	Page Number
Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements	1-3
Required Supplementary Information: Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-12
The Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	13 14-15
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	16 17
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	18 19 20 21
Footnotes to Basic Financial Statements	22-65
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Information: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Information	66 67 68-69
Pension Plan Information: Schedule of Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Police Pension Schedule of City Contributions - Police Pension & Retirement System Schedule of Share of Net Pension Liability - Firefighter's System Schedule of City Contributions - Firefighter's Pension & Retirement Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios-OMRF Schedule of Employer Contributions - OMRF	70 70 71 71 72 73
Other Supplementary Information:	
Nonmajor Governmental Combining Financial Statements: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	74
Fund Balances	75

76
77-78
79 79

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Harrah, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and pension plan information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted to forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dillon & Associates, P.C.

Midwest City, Oklahoma August 31, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Harrah, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Harrah for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position increased by \$357,853 and the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities \$10,961,531 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,876,789 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,197,395. Of this total amount, \$1,393,025 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of fiscal year 2017, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,393,025, or approximately 75.3% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers.
- Sales and use taxes increased by \$193,172 or 8.2% over the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Harrah (the "City") and the Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA). Included in this report are government-wide statements for each of two categories of activities - governmental and business-type.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type of activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all of the assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) as well as all liabilities (including all long-term debt), along with any inflows and outflows that are deferred.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way determining whether the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady over the past year. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's Net Position and Changes in Net Position from the prior year. You can think of the City's Net Position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving, deteriorating or remaining steady. However, you must consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into two types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets and parks. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City's activities that charge a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer utilities are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds not the City as a whole. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds. When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are one type of proprietary funds and are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations services.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2017, net position for governmental activities and business-type activities increased \$10,961,531. The results indicate the City, as a whole, incurred an increase in its financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a summary comparison of changes in net position from last year for the City:

Table 1
Net Position (In Thousands)

	Govern	mental		Busine	ess-type	Total			
	<u>Activ</u>	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		% Inc.	Primary G	<u>overnment</u>	% Inc.
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)
Current and									
other assets \$	2,266	2,050	11%	2,161	2,904	-26%	4,427	4,954	-11%
Capital assets	2,487	2,620	-5%	9,723	9,146	6%	12,210	11,766	4%
Total assets	4,753	4,670	2%	11,884	12,050	-1%	16,637	16,720	0%
Deferred outflow of resources	588	274		228	55		816	329	_
Long-term debt									
outstanding	1,380	1,026	35%	4,713	4,561	3%	6,093	5,587	9 %
Other liabilities	69	77	-10%	158	637	-75%	227	714	-68%
Total liabilities	1,449	1,103	31%	4,871	5,198	-6%	6,320	6,301	0%
Deferred inflow of resources	127	189		45	49		172	238	
Net assets:									
Invested in capital									
assets, net of debt	2,487	2,558	-3%	5,690	5,709	0%	8,177	8,267	-1%
Restricted	804	697	15%	103	102	1%	907	799	14%
Unrestricted (deficit)	474	397	0%	1,403	1,047	34%	1,877	1,444	30%
Total net assets \$	3,765	3,652	3%	7,196	6,858	5%	10,961	10,510	4%

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$907,798 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is an unrestricted net position of \$1,876,789.

Change in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2017 net position of the primary government changed as follows:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governn	nental	al Business-type				Total			
	<u>Activi</u>	<u>ties</u>	% Inc.	<u>Activ</u>	<u>ities</u>	% Inc.	Primary Go	vernment	% Inc.	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	(Dec.)	
Revenues										
Charges for services \$	429	318	35%	1,987	1,905	4%	2,416	2,223	9 %	
Operating grants	7	114	-94%	-	-	-	7	114	-94%	
Capital grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	
Sales and use taxes	2,536	2,343	8%	-	-	-	2,536	2,343	8%	
Franchise tax (fees)	225	226	0%	-	-	-	225	226	0%	
Other taxes	87	85	2%	-	-	-	87	85	2%	
Investment income	3	1	200%	3	1	-	6	2	200%	
Other	20	57	-65%	6	27	-78%	26	84	-69%	
Total revenues	3,307	3,144	5%	1,996	1,933	3%	5,303	5,077	4%	
Expenses										
General government	793	701	13%	-	-	-	793	701	13%	
Public safety	1,471	1,137	29 %	-	-	-	1,471	1,137	29%	
Public works	158	169	-7%	-	-	-	158	169	-7%	
Cultural & recreation	193	189	2%	-	-	-	193	189	2%	
Water/sewer	-	-		2,330	2,149	8%	2,330	2,149	8%	
Total expenses	2,615	2,196	19%	2,330	2,149	8%	4,945	4,345	14%	
Increase in net position										
before transfers	692	948	-27%	(334)	(216)	55%	358	732	-51%	
Transfers	(579)	(504)	15%	579	504	15%	-			
Change in net position	113	444	-75%	245	288	-15%	358	732	-51%	
Begininng net position	3,652	3,208	14%	6,858	6,431	7%	10,510	9,639	9 %	
Contributed capital		-	_	93	139		93	139		
Ending net position \$	3,765	3,652	3%	7,196	6,858	5%	10,961	10,510	4%	

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Table 3
Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

				Net Revenue				
		Total Ex	penses	% Inc.	(Expe	ense)	% Inc.	
	_	of Ser	of Services ([of Se	of Services		
	-	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		
General government	\$	793	701	13%	(683)	(609)	12%	
Public safety		1,471	1,138	29 %	(1,147)	(798)	44%	
Public works		158	169	-7%	(158)	(169)	-7%	
Cultural & recreation	_	193	189	2%	(190)	(189)	1%	
Total	\$	2,615	2,197	19%	(2,178)	(1,765)	23%	

For the year ended June 30, 2017, total expenses for governmental activities amounted to \$2,613,980 which is a 16.2% increase from the prior year.

Business-type Activities

Table 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

			Net Revenue					
	Total Ex	penses	% Inc.	(Expe	nse)	% Inc.		
	 of Ser	vices	(Dec.)	of Ser	vices	(Dec.)		
	 2017	2016	_	2017	2016			
Water and sewer	\$ 2,330	2,149	8%	(343)	(244)	41%		
Other	-	-	0%	-	-	0%		
Total	\$ 2,330	2,149	8%	(343)	(244)	41%		

The City's business-type activities include utility services for water and sewer operations.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2017 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,197,395, or 8.9% increase from the prior year. The enterprise funds reported combined net position of \$7,196,474, or 4.9% increase from 2016.

Other Fund Highlights Include:

- For the year ended June 30, 2017, the General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$54,558, or 4.6%, due to an increase in revenues.
- The HPWA Enterprise Fund reported a net position decrease before contributions and transfers of \$334,728.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues over final estimates by \$160,041 or an 5.4% positive variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$378,132 or an 16.7% positive variance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2017, the City had \$12,209,904 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water, wastewater systems. This represents a net increase of \$444,315 over last year.

Table 5
Capital Assets

		Governmental		Business	-type	Total	
		Activit	<u>Activities</u>		<u>ties</u>	Primary Government	
		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Construction in progress	\$	-	-	1,073	56	1,073	56
Land		102	102	-	-	102	102
Buildings		1,338	1,320	534	498	1,872	1,818
Machinery and equipment		1,370	1,232	1,407	1,376	2,777	2,608
Vehicles		1,993	1,939	-	-	1,993	1,939
Infrastructure		1,825	1,894	16,500	16,473	18,325	18,367
Less: Accum. depreciation	_	(4,141)	(3,867)	(9,791)	(9,257)	(13,932)	(13,124)
Total capital assets, net	\$_	2,487	2,620	9,723	9,146	12,210	11,766

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Purchase and construction of minor equipment, vehicles and utility projects.

Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$4,266,403 in long-term debt outstanding, excluding accrued compensated absences, due to depositors and net pension liability, which represents a \$452,086 decrease from the prior year.

Table 6
Outstanding Debt

Go		Governm	nental	Busines	s-type	Total		
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		Primary Government		
		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Notes payable	\$	-	60	4,266	4,718	4,266	4,778	
Other	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total long-term debt	\$	-	60	4,266	4,718	4,266	4,778	

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

- The unemployment rate for the Oklahoma City metropolitan area which includes Harrah is currently 4.4 percent, which is a decrease of 0.3 percent from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 4.3 percent and favorably to the national average rate of 4.5 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The City's major source of revenue is sales and use tax revenue. Sales and use tax revenue increased 8.2% over the prior year total.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, bond rating agencies and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances reflecting the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at P.O. Box 636, Harrah, Oklahoma 73045.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

			Primary Governm	ent
	(Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	_			
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,871,012	1,406,914	3,277,926
Restricted cash and investments			513,621	513,621
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		70,530	172,744	243,274
Internal balances		(68,229)	68,229	-
Due from other governments		392,582	-	392,582
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		101,528	1,073,492	1,175,020
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		2,385,429	8,649,455	11,034,884
-		4 752 052	44 004 455	44 427 207
Total assets	_	4,752,852	11,884,455	16,637,307
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	_	588,227	228,361	816,588
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		60,000	-	60,000
Accrued interest payable		-	39,812	39,812
Deferred revenues		-	10,933	10,933
Due to bondholders		2,415	-	2,415
Deposits subject to refund		6,085	107,420	113,505
Long-term liabilities				
Net pension liability		1,310,699	401,450	1,712,149
Due within one year		6,934	488,355	495,289
Due in more than one year		62,404	3,823,121	3,885,525
Total liabilities	_	1,448,537	4,871,091	6,319,628
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to pensions		127,485	45,305	172,790
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		2,486,957	5,689,987	8,176,944
Restricted for:				
Debt service		-	103,428	103,428
Capital improvements		802,795	-	802,795
Other purposes		1,575	-	1,575
Unrestricted (deficit)		473,730	1,403,059	1,876,789
Total net position	\$	3,765,057	7,196,474	10,961,531

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Program Revenues Operating Capital Net Grants and (Expense) Charges for Grants and Services Contributions **Functions/Programs Expenses** Contributions Revenue Primary government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 792,995 109,806 (683, 189)Public safety: Police 1,029,061 245,664 (783,397)440,566 Fire 73,101 3,817 (363,648)Public works 158,140 (158, 140)Culture and recreation 193,218 3,238 (189,980)2,613,980 428,571 7,055 (2,178,354)Total government activities Business-type activities: Water, wastewater and sanitation 2,329,953 1,986,552 (343,401)Total business-type activities 2,329,953 1,986,552 (343,401)4,943,933 7,055 Total primary government 2,415,123 (2,521,755)

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
Change in Net Position:					
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (2,178,354)	(343,401)	(2,521,755)		
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Sales taxes	2,421,636	-	2,421,636		
Use taxes	114,230	-	114,230		
Franchise taxes (fees)	225,292	-	225,292		
Other taxes	86,662	-	86,662		
Unrestricted investment income	2,997	3,023	6,020		
Miscellaneous	20,118	5,650	25,768		
Transfers	(579,245)	579,245			
Total general revenues and transfers	2,291,690	587,918	2,879,608		
Change in net position	113,336	244,517	357,853		
Net Position - beginning	3,651,721	6,858,422	10,510,143		
Contributed capital - fixed assets		93,535	93,535		
Net Position - ending	\$ 3,765,057	7,196,474	10,961,531		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	C	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	,160,167	613,243	94,186	1,867,596
Cash - Police bond account		3,416	-	-	3,416
Receivables:					
Due from other governments		387,943	-	4,639	392,582
Due from other funds		30,356	191,151	-	221,507
Other receivables		70,530			70,530
Total assets	1	,652,412	804,394	98,825	2,555,631
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	5				
Accounts payable		60,000	-	-	60,000
Police bonds outstanding		2,415	-	-	2,415
Deposits subject to refund		3,000	-	3,085	6,085
Due to other funds		193,972	1,599	94,165	289,736
Total liabilities		259,387	1,599	97,250	358,236
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable		-	802,795	1,575	804,370
Unassigned	1	,393,025			1,393,025
Total fund balances	1	,393,025	802,795	1,575	2,197,395
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ <u>1</u>	,652,412	804,394	98,825	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta	ateme	ent of net	position are diffe	erent because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no and therefore are not required in the funds, net of				,140,423	2,486,957
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for c and therefore are deferred in the funds: Pension related deferred outflows	urrer	nt period e	xpenditures		588,227
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the cur financial resources, and therefore are not reported Note payable			m current		
Net pension liability					(1,310,699)
Pension related deferred inflows					(127,485)
Accrued compensated absences					(69,338)
Net position of governmental activities				\$	3,765,057
posicion of governmental activities				7	3,7 03,037

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,795,366	-	52,454	2,847,820
Intergovernmental	3,817	3,238	-	7,055
Licenses and permits	88,561	-	-	88,561
Charge for services	16,125	-	5,120	21,245
Fines and forfeitures	205,473	-	-	205,473
Interest	1,972	1,015	10	2,997
Miscellaneous	 20,127	-		20,127
Total revenues	 3,131,441	4,253	57,584	3,193,278
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	208,556	174,223	7	382,786
City manager	4,163	-	-	4,163
Administration	320,429	-	-	320,429
Code enforcement	43,412	-	-	43,412
Legal	19,377	-	-	19,377
Police	855,398	50,620	-	906,018
Fire	384,873	122,649	-	507,522
K-9	2,885	-	-	2,885
Senior citizens center	53,836	10,523	-	64,359
Parks	-	9,105	33,839	42,944
Streets	-	-	54,315	54,315
Public works	 -	103,825		103,825
Total expenditures	 1,892,929	470,945	88,161	2,452,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	 1,238,512	(466,692)	(30,577)	741,243
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	103,836	629,245	29,300	762,381
Transfers out	 (1,287,790)	(53,836)		(1,341,626)
Total other financing sources and uses	 (1,183,954)	575,409	29,300	(579,245)
Net change in fund balances	54,558	108,717	(1,277)	161,998
Fund balances-beginning	1,338,467	694,078	2,852	2,035,397
Fund balances-ending	\$ 1,393,025	802,795	1,575	2,197,395

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 221,998
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	140,830 (273,662)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.	22,325
Repayment of debt principal and note issue costs is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: Long-term debt principal payments	60,250
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in accrued compensated absences	(204)
Change in accrued interest payable	 1,799
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 173,336

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

ASSETS	Harrah Public Works <u>Authority</u>	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,406,914
Restricted:	7	1,100,711
Cash and investments		513,621
Receivables		,
Accounts, net of allowance of \$214,412		172,744
Due from other funds		96,986
Total current assets	_	2,190,265
Control and the		
Capital assets:		0.722.047
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets		9,722,947
Total non-current assets		9,722,947
Total assets		11,913,212
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred amounts related to pensions		228,361
·	_	220,301
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued interest payable		39,812
Deferred revenues		10,933
Due to other funds		28,757
Current portion of long-term obligations	_	488,355
Total current liabilities		567,857
Non-current liabilities:		
Notes payable		3,782,554
Net pension liability		401,450
Deposits subject to refund		107,420
Accrued compensated absences		40,567
Total non-current liabilities		4,331,991
Total liabilities		4,899,848
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred amounts related to pensions		45,305
·	_	,,,,,
NET POSITION		F 400 007
Net investment in capital assets		5,689,987
Restricted:		402 420
Debt service Unrestricted		103,428
Onlestricted	_	1,403,059
Total net position	\$_	7,196,474

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Harrah
	Public Works
	<u>Authority</u>
REVENUES	
Water	\$ 759,553
Wastewater	584,861
Sanitation	533,890
Other	108,248
Total operating revenues	1,986,552
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	775,610
Maintenance and operations	837,460
Bad debt expense	12,857
Depreciation and amortization	534,276
Total operating expenses	2,160,203
Operating income (loss)	(173,651)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Miscellaneous revenues (expense)	5,650
Interest income	3,023
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(169,750)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(161,077)
OPERATING TRANSFERS	
Transfers in	629,245
Transfers out	(50,000)
Total operating transfers	579,245
Change in net position	244,517
Net position - beginning	6,858,422
Contributed capital - Fixed assets	93,535
Net position-ending	\$ 7,196,474

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Harrah Public Works Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	1,986,551
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,726,732)
Net receipts (refunds) of customer meter deposits		5,030
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	264,849
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating transfers in (out)	_	579,245
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	579,245
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		(1,111,286)
Principal paid on debt		(452,087)
Contributed capital revenue		93,535
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(169,750)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		
related financing activities	_	(1,639,588)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	_	3,023
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	3,023
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(792,471)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		2,713,006
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	1,920,535
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:	_	
Cash and cash equivalents		1,406,914
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		513,621
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,920,535
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)		(173,651)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Cash flows reported in other categories:		
Depreciation and amortization expense		534,276
Miscellaneous revenue		5,650
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in receivables		3,954
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(53,579)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(384)
Increase (decrease) in deposits subject to refund		5,030
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues		(467)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	_	(55,980)
Total adjustments	-	438,500
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	264,849

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities are defined as those principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the City.

Financial Reporting Entity - The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and therefore data from these units are combined with the data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year end.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

Blended Component Units. The Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA) was created February 27, 1991 pursuant to a Trust Indenture to finance, develop, and operate the water, wastewater, and solid waste activities of the City. Council members serve as Trustees and the City Manager is the General Manager. The rates for user charges and debt authorization are approved by the city council. The HPWA is reported as an enterprise fund type.

The Harrah Industrial and Economic Development Trust (HIEDT) was created April 15, 1988 pursuant to a Trust Indenture purpose is to finance and promote industrial development and economic growth. The mayor and vice mayor members serve as trustees. The Authority is reported as a governmental fund.

Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the blended component units.

Each component unit is a Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of the Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through the issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. In accordance with state law, all debt obligations incurred by public trusts require 2/3 approval by the City Council. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authority to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trust, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of presentation:

The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") statements in the preparation of its financial statements. Additional information regarding the basis of accounting and the differences in presentation are contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which proceed the financial statements.

Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grant and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, excise taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures driven grants are recognized as revenues when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts and reports for all financial resources not required to be reported in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - accounts for designated revenues and the purchase and construction of capital projects.

The following are the City's non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - accounts for the proceeds of government grants or specific revenue sources (other than grants applicable to enterprise fund activities, expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Street & Alley Fund
- Harrah Industrial Economic Development Trust
- Park Funds

The following are the City's major proprietary funds:

<u>Harrah Public Works Authority (HPWA)</u> - accounts for the revenues from operations of water, sanitary sewer, and solid waste systems.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Accounting Policies -

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

- a. Cash and Cash Equivalents The City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.
- b. *Investments* Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The City considers quoted market price at June 30, 2017, to be the fair value of its investments.
 - Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions located in this state, or fully insured certificates of deposit at banks, savings bank, savings and loan associations and credit unions located out of state; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, a savings bank, a savings and loan association or a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank; prime banker's acceptances which are eligible for purchases by the Federal Reserve System and which do not exceed 270 days' maturity; prime commercial paper which shall not have a maturity that exceeds 180 days nor represent more than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation; repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral consisting of those items specified above; and money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and which investments consist of those items noted above.
- c. Receivables and payables In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.
 - In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received.
- d. Interfund Receivable and Payables Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to / due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to / from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- e. Restricted Assets Restricted assets include cash and investments of both governmental activities and business-type activities that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are primarily related to debt trustee accounts and guaranty deposits.
- f. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$1000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, the majority of which generally consists of donated land and infrastructure which is recorded in the governmental funds and donated water and sewer distribution systems which are recorded in the proprietary funds, are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 - 65 years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings & infrastructure	10 - 20 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	3 - 7 years

- g. *Inventory* The City records parts and fuel inventory within the General Fund. Parts inventory is recorded using actual cost.
- h. Long-term Debt Accounting treatment of long-term debt varies depending upon the source of repayment and the measurement focus applied, and whether the debt is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds are reported as liabilities as incurred. The long-term debt presently is primarily comprised of revenue bonds payable, net pension liability, and accrued compensated absences. This long-term debt is reported not of unamortized discounts and premiums.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- i. Claims and Judgments Payable Under state law, judgments against the City can be paid over three years or can be paid immediately. The Risk Management Fund pays all claims and judgments. A liability has been recorded within the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements for claims and judgments payable. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they will be paid from current financial resources.
- j. Compensated Absences Under the terms of union contracts and City personnel policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is paid for vacation leave accumulated and vested accumulated sick leave. Vesting of sick leave by employees and maximum number of hours that can be accumulated for vacation and sick leave are dependent upon an employees' service as contained in the City's personnel manual. Upon retirement, one-half of accumulated sick leave is converted to cash, subject to the above limitation for maximum compensation for unused compensated absences.
- k. Pensions For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's multiemployer pension plans and additions to/deductions from the multiemployer pension plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- l. Fund Equity In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:
 - 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets.
 - 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
 - 3. *Unrestricted net position* All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. For projects funded with tax-exempt debt proceeds and other sources, the debt proceeds are used first.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows and based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- a) Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.
- b) Restricted Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision making authority that can, by adoption of an Ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by ordinance remains in place until a similar action by City Council is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.
- d) Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- e) *Unassigned* Includes the residual balance of the General Fund that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes with the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance) are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (OFPRS) and the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS) (the Plans). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has deferred outflows related to pensions, with one being the amount of contributions made to pension plans after the measurement date, and the other the difference in investment experience between actual earnings and projected earnings on pension plan investments and the difference in assumption changes. Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of pension liability in the following year. The remaining amounts will be amortized to pension expense over future periods. See Note 4 for additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has a deferred inflow related to pensions. This consists of the difference between expected and actual experience related to pension plans as well as the difference in assumption changes. These amounts are amortized over future periods to pension expense.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

- a. Sales Taxes Sales taxes are collected by vendors and required to be remitted to the State of Oklahoma by the 20th of the month following collection. The tax is then paid to the City by the 10th of the next month. A two-month lag exists between collection by the vendor and payment to the City by the State. Revenue received in July and August from sales made in May and June, respectively, is available for prior year expenses and is accrued in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- b. Charges for Services Charges for service consist primarily of charges made by the Risk Management Fund for services such as self-insurance and other benefits provided to the other funds of the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- c. Intergovernmental Revenues/Capital Grants Earned Revenues from Federal and State operating grants are recognized when expenditures are made. Similarly, capital grants are considered earned when the expenditures are made. The earned portion of capital grants in Proprietary Funds is treated as a capital contribution within the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.
- d. *Investment Earnings* Investment earnings on pooled cash and investments are allocated on a pro-rata basis to the City's funds based on the percentage of each fund's average month-end pooled cash balance.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Compliance

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing is held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All fund decreases of appropriation and supplemental appropriations require City Council approval. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between departments within a fund without City Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Harrah Public Works Authority is required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of budget or definition of a legal level of control; and, therefore, no budget and actual financial presentation for the HPWA funds are included in this report.

Deposits and Investment Laws and Regulations

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at no more than market value. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Oklahoma or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds or certain letters of credit. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823€, all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or the loan committee. As reflected in Note 3, the City's uninsured deposited were sufficiently collateralized in accordance with these provisions for the year ended in June 30, 2017.

Investments of a City (excluding Public Trusts) are limited by State Law to the following:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State of Oklahoma is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable pledged collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a., b., c., and d.

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above noted investment limitations and are primarily governed by restrictions in their trust or bond indentures.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Debt Restrictions and Covenants

General Obligation Debt

Article 10, Sections 26 and 27 of the Oklahoma Constitution limits the amount of certain outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10% of the net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City complied with this restriction.

Other Long-term Debt

As required by the Oklahoma State Constitution, the City (excluding Public Trusts) may not incur any indebtedness that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval.

Revenue Note Debt

The bond indentures relating to the revenue note issues of the Harrah Public Works Authority contain a number of restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as a required flow of funds through special accounts, debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances.

The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance, thereon, as of June 30, 2017:

Doguiroment	Level of Compliance
Requirement	Level of Compliance

Harrah Public Works Authority

- a. Flow of Funds
- 1. 2015 Revenue Note
 - Construction Fund
 - Note Fund
- 2. 2008 Revenue Note
 - Construction Fund
 - Note Fund

b. Revenue Note Coverage

Net operating revenue plus transferred Sales tax must equal 1.25 times annual debt service on the 2004, 2009, 2011 OWRB Notes and the 2008 and 2015 Revenue Notes The Authority maintained all required accounts and made the required payments into such accounts.

Authority maintained all required accounts and made the required payments into such accounts.

Net revenue available amounted to \$2,651,430. The annual debt service was \$466,968. Actual coverage was 5.68 times.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Fund Equity/Net Position Restrictions

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position at the government-wide financial statements are required to restrict funds in accordance with various laws and regulations, specifically those laws and regulations dealing with debt service and the use of restricted revenues. See Note 3 for details of restricted net position.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

The following notes present detailed information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Deposits and Investment Risks

The City of Harrah, including its blended component units, held the following deposits and investments at June 30, 2017:

_		Credit	Carrying
Туре	Maturities	Rating	Value
Deposits:			
Demand deposits			\$ 3,275,803
Cash on hand			2,123
			3,277,926
Total deposits and investments			\$ 3,277,926
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:			
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 3,277,926
Investments			
			\$ 3,277,926

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the City holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name, or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exist when the City holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100% of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury securities and direct debt obligations of municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2017, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

Investment Interest Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its investments.

As noted in the schedule of deposits and investments above, at June 30, 2017, the investments held by the City mature at various times.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the City (any over 5% are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The City places no limit on the amount it may invest with any one issuer. The City has the following concentration of credit risk: 100% or (\$3,385,537) invested in Federal Treasury Obligations money market accounts at BancFirst.

Restricted Assets

The amounts reported as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of cash and investments held by the trustee bank on behalf of the public trusts (Authorities) related to its required revenue bond accounts as described in Note 2 and amounts due to depositors related to utility deposits.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Utility Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2008 :	
Project account	\$ 192,626
Debt service	62,611
Utility Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015 :	
Project account	115,779
Debt service	40,817
Meter deposit funds	 101,788
Total restricted assets	\$ 513,621

Receivables and Uncollectible Accounts

Accounts receivable of governmental and business-type activities consist of sales tax, franchise tax and fees, grants funds due, customer utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, all reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts are as follows:

			Capital	Nonmajor	Harrah
		General	Project	Governmental	Public Works
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Authority
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	70,530	-	-	387,156
Due from other governments		387,943	-	4,639	-
Gross receivables		458,473	-	4,639	387,156
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		-	-	-	214,412
Net total receivables	\$_	458,473	-	4,639	172,744

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	<u>Transfers</u>	Retirements	<u>Ending</u>
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land \$	101,528	-	-	-	101,528
Construction in progress	-	-			-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	101,528	-	-		101,528
Capital assets being depreciated :			_		_
Buildings and improvements	1,319,963	18,323	-	-	1,338,286
Machinery and equipment	1,231,683	69,148	69,304	-	1,370,135
Vehicles	1,939,422	53,359	-	-	1,992,781
Infrastructure	1,893,954		(69,304)	<u> </u>	1,824,650
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,385,022	140,830	-		6,525,852
Less : Accumulated depreciation	3,866,761	273,662		<u> </u>	4,140,423
Governmental activities capital assets \$ne	t 2,619,789	(132,832)	-	-	2,486,957
-					

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	66,738
Public safety		121,009
Cultural and recreation		85,915
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	273,662

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	<u>Transfers</u>	Retirements	<u>Ending</u>
Business-type activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land \$	-	-	-	-	-
Construction in progress - Water wells	55,604	1,017,888	-		1,073,492
Total capital assets not being depreciate	d 55,604	1,017,888	-	-	1,073,492
Capital assets being depreciated:	_				_
Buildings and improvements	497,798	43,882	(8,043)	-	533,637
Equipment and vehicles	1,376,232	22,328	8,043	-	1,406,603
Infrastructure	16,073,954	27,324	(41,738)	-	16,059,540
Industrial park	398,926		41,738		440,664
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,346,910	93,534	-	- '	18,440,444
Less: Accumulated depreciation	9,256,714	534,275	<u>-</u>		9,790,989
Governmental activities capital assets,\$n	et 9,145,800	577,147	-		9,722,947

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water and wastewater	\$ 534,275
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 534,275

Deposits Subject to Refund

Utility customers are required to make a meter deposit, which is refunded upon the customer's termination of services, provided there are no outstanding bills. Monies are deposited in separate accounts, and a liability has been recorded to represent the amount of deposits due to customers. As of June 30, 2017, cash and investments included \$107,420 available for refund of customer deposits, while the liability to customers was \$101,788.

Appearance bonds and other payments made to the municipal court funds are held until final disposition by the court at which time they are refunded to the bondholder or paid over to the City general fund as fines. As of June 30, 2017, \$2,415 was being held that was subject to refund.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Long-term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated by the amounts involving governmental activities and business activities.

Business-type Activities Long-term Debt:

At June 30, 2017, the long-term debt payable from enterprise fund resources consisted of the following:

Revenue Notes Payable

\$2,220,000 Clean Water SRF Series 2004 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resource Board (OWRB), dated December 16, 2004, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due September 15, 2025; interest rate of 2.60% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.

\$ 1,104,722

\$1,930,000 Clean Water SRF Series 2009 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resource Board (OWRB), dated May 29, 2009, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due March 15, 2030; interest rate of 2.35% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.

920,828

\$490,000 Drinking Water SRF Series 2011 loan payable to the Oklahoma Water Resource Board (OWRB), dated October 1, 2011, payable in semi-annual installments with a final payment due March 15, 2032; interest rate of 3.05% and adminstrative fee of 0.5%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.

394,111

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

\$526,000 capital lease with no termination costs, dated August 17, 2012, payable in monthly installments of \$7,239 inclusive of interest at 4.25%; secured by certain capital equipment.	•	226,742			
\$1,470,000 HPWA Utilities System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2008; payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$70,000 with a final payment due February 1, 2021; interest rate of 3.73%; secured by a pledge of a three cent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.					
\$1,220,000 HPWA Utilities System and Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015; payable in semi-annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$50,000 with a final payment due February 1, 2030; interest rate of 2.56%; secured by a pledge of a ticent sales tax and water and sewer revenues.		1,080,000			
Total Revenue Notes Payable	\$	4,266,403			
Current portion Non-current portion	\$	483,849 3,782,554			
	\$	4,266,403			
Accrued Compensated Absences					
Accrued compensated absences reported in the business-type activities are comprised of accrued vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time.					
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	69,338 45,074			
Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	114,412			
<u>Due to Depositors</u>					
Outstanding deposits for utility services, refundable only upon termination of services, amounted to the following:					
Current portion	\$	-			
Non-current portion	_	107,420			
Total Due to Depositors	\$_	107,420			

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

						Amounts
		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
		<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
Governmental activities						
Note payable - Fire truck	\$	60,250	-	60,250	-	-
Net pension liability		957,249	353,450	-	1,310,699	-
Accrued compensated absences		69,134	204	-	69,338	6,934
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,086,633	353,654	60,250	1,380,037	6,934
	_					
		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
		<u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
Business-type activities						
Notes payable:						
OWRB Series 2004	\$	1,224,662	-	119,940	1,104,722	123,541
OWRB Series 2009		978,450	-	57,622	920,828	59,299
OWRB Series 2011		414,489	-	20,378	394,111	21,014
Water meters		290,888	-	64,146	226,742	79,994
Revenue note - Series 2008		660,000	-	120,000	540,000	130,000
Revenue note - Series 2015		1,150,000	-	70,000	1,080,000	70,000
Deposits subject to refund		102,390	5,030	-	107,420	-
Net pension liability		280,399	121,051	-	401,450	-
Accrued compensated absences		41,891	3,183		45,074	4,507
Total Business-type Activities		5,143,169	129,264	452,086	4,820,347	488,355

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, with interest rates applicable at June 30, 2017, excluding accrued compensated absences, due to depositors, estimated claims liability, net pension liability and net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities
<u>June 30,</u>		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2018	\$	-	-	483,849	119,172
2019		-	-	492,988	103,368
2020		-	-	477,321	87,453
2021		-	-	437,708	72,990
2022		-	-	309,386	60,388
2023-2027		-	-	1,366,775	176,250
2028-2032	_	-	-	685,913	39,007
Totals	\$_	-	-	4,253,940	658,628

<u>Applicability of Federal Arbitrage Regulations</u>

Debt issuances of the City and Authorities issued after the Tax Reform Act of 1986 are subject to the federal arbitrage regulations. The arbitrage rebate regulations require that all earnings from investment of gross proceeds of a bond issue in excess of the amount that could have been earned had the yield on the investment been equal to the yield on the bonds be remitted to the federal government. These carry strict penalties for noncompliance including taxability of interest retroactive to the date of the issue. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with these rules and regulations.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Non-Commitment Debt

Harrah Tax Increment Finance Authority Revenue Notes- Series 2009

On December 28, 2008, the Harrah Tax Increment Finance Authority issued tax increment revenue notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,760,000 with a maturity date on July 1, 2035. The Notes will be issued on a drawdown basis as project costs are incurred. The Notes shall bear interest and principal on a monthly basis, as more fully set out in a Loan Agreement and Security Agreement dated December 1, 2009. The Notes were issued in furtherance of the implementation of the Harrah Town Center Economic Development Project Plan. The proceeds of the Notes are financing the certain project costs outlined in the Project Plan.

The Notes are secured by a pledge of certain ad valorem tax and sales and use revenues generated within the Increment District. The Notes are a limited obligation of the Authority and does not constitute an obligation of the State of Oklahoma or the City of Harrah. The Authority has no taxing power.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Authority received and paid \$120,982 of sales tax related to the Tax Increment District.

Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax Pledge</u> - The City has pledged three cents of future sales tax revenues to repay \$4,640,000 of OWRB Series 2004, 2009 and 2011 Revenue Notes and \$2,690,000 of HPWA Series 2008 and 2015 Revenue Notes which are payable through 2032. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for construction of designated capital improvements. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the notes is \$4,686,786. Pledged sales tax received in the current year was \$1,816,227. Debt service payments on the Revenue Notes of \$513,749 for the current fiscal year was 28.3% of pledged sales tax. Other sources of revenues such as water and sewer are also pledged.

<u>Utility Revenue Pledge</u> - The City has also pledged future net water and sewer revenues to repay \$4,640,000 of OWRB Series 2004, 2009 and 2011 Revenue Notes and \$2,690,000 of HPWA Series 2008 and 2015 Revenue Notes which are payable through 2032. Proceeds from the notes provided funding for utility system capital assets. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of the notes is \$4,686,786. The notes are payable from the above mentioned utility net revenues and are additionally secured with three cents of future sales tax revenues. The debt service payments on the notes this year were \$513,749 which was 61.5% of pledged net utility revenues of \$835,203 and 19.4% of both pledged utility revenues and pledged sales taxes.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid grossing up balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Transfers:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose of Transfer
Harrah Public Works Auth.	General Fund	50,000	Operating subsidy
Capital Improvement Fund	General Fund	53,836	Operating subsidy
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	629,245	Sales tax transfer
General Fund	Harrah Public Works Auth.	629,245	Sales tax transfer
General Fund	Park Fund	29,300	Operating subsidy
		1,391,626	
Reconciliation to Fund Fina	ancial Statements:		
	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers
Governmental Funds	762,381	(1,341,626)	(579,245)
Proprietary Funds	629,245	(50,000)	579,245
	1,391,626	(1,391,626)	
Reconciliation to Statemer	nt of Activities:		_
Net Transfers			

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS - Continued

Balances:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	Amount	Nature of Interfund Balance
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	96,986	Sales tax transfer receivable
General Fund	Harrah Public Works Auth.	96,986	Sales tax transfer receivable
Capital Improvement Fund	General Fund	1,599	
Capital Improvement Fund		94,165	
General Fund	Harrah Public Works Auth.	28,757	Sales tax transfer receivable
		318,493	_
Reconciliation to Fund Fin	ancial Statements:		•
	Due To	Due From	Net Interfund Balance
Governmental Funds	289,736	(221,507)	68,229
Proprietary Funds	28,757	(96,986)	(68,229)
	318,493	(318,493)	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Fund Balances and Net Position

Fund Balances

The following table shows the fund balance classifications as shown on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

		Capital	Other	
	General	Improvement	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fuunds	Total
Fund Balances:				_
Nonspendable:				
Capital improvements	-	802,795	-	802,795
Economic development	-	-	(81,930)	(81,930)
Street	-	-	76,867	76,867
Parks	-		6,638	6,638
Subtotal Nonspendable	-	802,795	1,575	804,370
Unassigned (deficit):	1,453,025			1,453,025
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,453,025	802,795	1,575	2,257,395

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue represents a 4 cents tax on each dollar of taxable sales of which is recorded as follows:

- 3 cents are recorded in the General Fund and is pledged for Harrah Public Works Authority debt service. 1 cent is transferred to HPWA and the remaining 2 cents is retained in the General Fund for general operational purposes,
- 1 cent is recorded in the General Fund and then transferred to the Capital Improvement Fund for capital expenditures and for the payment of debt service in connection with obligations issued to finance specified capital expenditures.

In accordance with sales tax agreements of the OWRB and Revenue note indentures, sales tax has been pledged for the payment of principal and interest on the indebtedness on a parity basis.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; unemployment; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability Covered through purchased insurance with a \$1,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Physical Property Covered through purchased insurance with a \$1,000 deductible, per occurrence.
- Workers' Compensation The City is a member of the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage through the State Insurance Fund to participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, the Plan is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the Plan year.

As a matter of the Plan, the City is required to pay fees set by the Plan according to an established payment schedule. The City is responsible for complying with all requirements of the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Act. A loss Fund has been established from the proceeds of the fees paid by the City. The City expensed these fees when paid. The State Insurance Fund provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the City's Liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of that fund. However, failure of the State Insurance Fund to honor its obligations could result in losses to the Plan.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

• Employee's Group Medical - Covered through purchased insurance with a deductible of \$5,000 per employee.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments

Sales Tax Rebate Agreement

Due to confidentiality laws in Oklahoma statutes Title 68, Section 1354.11, the amounts of sales taxes rebated will not be disclosed. The following businesses had rebate agreements with the City as of June 30, 2017:

On August 20, 2015, the City entered into a sales tax rebate agreement with a retail department store. The rebate of a portion of the sales tax is based on a calculation set forth in the agreement for a period of up to five years from the date of first sales. This agreement was completed in fiscal year 2017.

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress is authorized by actions of the City Council (governing body). A summary of construction in progress as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Total		
	Construction	Total	Remaining
	In Progress	Project	To Complete
General Government	\$ 1,073,492	1,189,271	115,779

Contingent Liabilities

General Litigation

The City and Public Works Authority are parties to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a City "Sinking Fund" for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the self-insurance reserves maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance reserves would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal and state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City participates in five employee pension systems as follows:

Names of Plan/System	Type of Plan
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Fund	Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	Agent Multiple Employer - Defined Contribution Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	Agent Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan
Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF)	City Manager Retirement Plan - Defined Contribution Plan

The City of Harrah participates in the Oklahoma State Police Pension and Retirement System and the Oklahoma State Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System, both of which are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the State of Oklahoma. Additionally, for other City employees not covered by the other plans, the City maintains the City of Harrah Deferred Compensation Plan, an eligible deferred compensation plan within the meaning of Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Harrah, as the employer, participates in the Police Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/pprs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the Plan.

The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participant's contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment had continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated based on two and a half percent (2.5%) of final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participant's final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute eight percent (8%) of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute thirteen percent (13%) of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$42,902. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the State of Oklahoma's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$40,191. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities/Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$171,376 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2016. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.1119%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$61,374. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	550	\$	19,250	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		164,655		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,938		-	
City contributions during measurement period		-		320	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	44,576			
Total	\$	214,719	\$ _	19,570	

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

\$44,576 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

\$	150,573
2022	455
2021	41,564
2020	58,652
2019	24,951
2018 \$	24,951

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 4.5% to 17.0% averages, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with

fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.

Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Blue Collar Healty Combined table with age set forward 4years with fully generational

improvement using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.27%
Domestic equity	5.16%
International equity	8.61%
Real estate	4.97%
Private equity	8.32%
Commodities	2.42%

The current allocation policy is that approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds; high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net position liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

•	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase (8.5%)
-	(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	
Employers' net pension liability(asset) \$	449,636 \$	171,376	\$ (63,571)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Harrah, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement - a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Benefits Provided - FPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the Plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5% of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5% of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of services, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum, death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$31,005. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the State of Oklahoma's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$73,101. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$967,273 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2016. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.0792%.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$99,884. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,930	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		59,201	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,924	-
City contributions during measurement date		-	18
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	32,125	
Total	\$_	129,180	\$ 18

\$32,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018 \$	9,997
2019	9,997
2020	40,818
2021	31,091
2022	4,172
Thereafter	962
\$	97,037

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 9.0% averages, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	5.18%
Domestic equity	37%	8.70%
International equity	20%	10.87%
Real estate	10%	7.23%
Other assets	13%	6.24%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing thirty-six percent (36%) of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net position liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.5%) or one percentage point higher - (8.5%) than the current rate:

	<u>-</u>	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	 1% Increase (8.5%)
Employers' net pension liability	\$	1,713,569 \$	1,354,494	\$ 1,052,512

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund - Defined Benefit Plan (OkMRF)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer - defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website - <u>www.okmrf.org/reports.html</u>. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value based on published market prices. Detail information about the OkMRF plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OkMRF financial report.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions

Provision	As of July 1, 2016 OMRF Plan			
a. Eligible to participate	Full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.			
b. Period Required to Vest	5 years of credited service.			
c. Eligibility for Distribution	 Normal retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service. Early retirement at age 55 with 5 years of service. Disability retirement upon disability with 5 years of service. Death benefit with 5 years of service for married employees. 			
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 calendar years of service.			
e. Benefit Determination Methods:				
Normal Retirement	-2.625% of final average salary multiplied by credited years of service.			
Early Retirement Disability Retirement	-Accrued benefit payable starting at normal retirement age, or the accrued benefit reduced 5% per year for commencement prior to normal retirement age. -Same as normal retirement.			
Death Benefit	-50% of employee's accrued benefit, but terminates upon spouse remarriage.			
Prior to 5 Years Service	-No benefits.			
f. Benefit Authorization	-Benefits are established and amended by City Council adoption of an ordinance in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102			
g. Form of Benefit Payments	Normal form is a 60 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with City consent, option form based on actuarial equivalent.			
Employees Covered by Benefit Ter	rms -			
Active Employees	 15			
Deferred Vested Former Employees 2				
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	8_			
Total	25_			

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Contribution Requirements - The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 18.04% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2016 and 15.23% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2015. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized \$106,005 of employer contributions to the plan which equals the actuarially determined amount based on covered payroll of \$695,916. Employees cannot contribute to the plan in accordance with the plan provisions adopted by the City Council.

Actuarial Assumptions -

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation July 1, 2016
a. Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

b. Rate of Return on Investments

and Discount Rate 7.75%

c. Projected Salary Increase Varies between 7.42% and 4%

based on age

d. Post Retirement Cost-of-Living Increase None

e. Inflation Rate 3%

f. Mortality Table UP 1994

g. Percent of Married Employees 100%

h. Spouse Age Difference 3 years (female spouses younger)

i. Turnover Selected and ultimate rates

Ultimate rates are age related as shown Additional rates per thousand are added

during the first 5 years:

Year 1: 215 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 95 Year 4: 65 Year 5: 40

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments, 7.75% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Real	Weighted
	Allocation	Return	Return
Large cap stocks S&P 500	25%	5.40%	1.35%
Small/mid cap stocks Russell 2500	10%	7.50%	0.75%
Long/short equity MSCI ACWI	10%	6.10%	0.61%
International stocks MSCI EAFE	20%	5.10%	1.02%
Fixed income bonds Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.60%	0.78%
Real estate NCREIF	5%	4.80%	0.24%
Cash equivalents 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	100%		
Average Real Return Inflation Long-term expected return			4.75% 3.00% 7.75%

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability</u> - The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2016 which is also the measurement date. There were no changes in assumptions or changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability. There were also no changes between the measurement date of July 1, 2016 and the City's report ending date of June 30, 2017, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability. The following table reports the components of changes in net pension liability:

	SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY				
	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Net Net Pe				
		Liability	Position	Liability	
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	
Balances Beginning of Year	\$	2,264,052	1,863,483	400,569	
Changes for the Year:					
Service cost		81,270	-	81,270	
Interest expense		172,914	-	172,914	
Difference between expected and					
actual experience		79,765		79,765	
Contributions - City		-	106,005	(106,005)	
Contributions - Members		-	39,752	(39,752)	
Net investment income		-	19,007	(19,007)	
Benefits payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(67,071)	(67,071)	-	
Benefit changes due to plan amendment	:S	-	-	-	
Plan administrative expenses		-	(3,746)	3,746	
Other changes	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Net Changes	-	266,878	93,947	172,931	
Balances End of Year	\$_	2,530,930	1,957,430	573,500	

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net position liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower - (6.75%) or one percentage point higher - (8.75%) than the current rate:

		(6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	-	(8.75%)
Employer's total pension liability	\$	2,885,459	\$ 2,530,930	\$	2,235,669
Employer's plan net fiduciary positio	n	1,957,430	1,957,430		1,957,430
Employers' net pension liability	\$	928,029	\$ 573,500	\$	278,239

The City reported \$106,684 in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	64,721	
Changes of assumptions		-	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		221,968	-	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	104,262		
Total	\$	326,230 \$	64,721	

<u>Amortization of Pension Deferrals</u> - Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (excluding deferred outflows related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date) and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018 \$	31,027
2019	31,028
2020	54,340
2021	38,677
2022	2,175
Thereafter	-

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OMRF Defined Contribution Plan (DC) -

The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Harrah Plan and Trust (the Plan) in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement System Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank, Oklahoma. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees except those participating in state fire and police programs. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate upon employment, and may make contributions at their option with the City matching their contributions up to a maximum amount equal to 5% of their compensation. By City ordinance, the City, as employer, is required to make contributions at a current rate of 5% of covered payroll. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee account) are vested at a rate of 100% after 5 years of service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment prior to fully vesting are allocated back to remaining participants. The authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$35,479 to the plan, while the employee contributions totaled \$41,656 on a covered payroll of \$739,752.

OMRF issues separate plan financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund, 525 Central Park Dr., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105.

OMRF City Manager Defined Contribution Plan (CMO) -

The City has also provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Harrah City Manager Retirement Plan and Trust (CMO Plan). The plan is administered by JP Morgan Chase Bank of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. According to state law, the authority for establishing or amending the plan's provisions and contribution requirements rests with the city council. This plan is available only to the City Manager. The employee does not contribute to the plan and the employer makes variable contributions to the fund. For the current year, the employer contribution was \$10,250.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City makes available to all full-time employees a deferred compensation plan. The DC Plan was created in accordance with Section 457 of the *Internal Revenue Code*, and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or in case of an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

The City makes no contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan which the employees may contribute up to a maximum of 25% of compensation of \$18,000 annually, whichever is less. Vesting in such contributions is 100% immediately. During the year ended June 30, 2017, employees contributed \$3,941 to the DC Plan.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description: City provides post-retirement benefit options for health care, prescription drug and dental benefits for retired employees and their dependents that elect to make required contributions. The benefits are provided in accordance with State Law, police and firefighter's union contracts and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). The relationship for these benefits is not formalized in a contract or plan document, only a few sentences in the administrative policy. These benefits are considered for accounting purposes to be provided in accordance with a single employer substantive plan.

A substantive plan is one in which the plan terms are understood by the City and plan members. This understanding is based on communications between the employers and plan member and the historical pattern of practice with regard to the sharing of benefit costs.

Substantially all of the government's employees may become eligible for those post-retirement benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The plan is only provided for employees between the ages of 55 and 65. As of June 30, 2017, approximately no retired employees are receiving benefits under this plan.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirement of the City is an implicit subsidy. The implicit subsidy is not a direct payment from the employer on behalf of the member but rather stems from retiree contribution levels that are less than the claims cost at retiree ages. Since claims experience for employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees are pooled when determining premiums, these retired members pay a premium based on a pool of members that, on average, are younger and healthier.

There is an implicit subsidy from the employee group since the premiums paid by the retirees are lower than they would have been if the retirees were insured separately. The subsidies are valued using the difference between the age-based claims costs and the premium paid by the retiree. The amount required to fund the implicit rate is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2017, the City contributed 0% to the plan for previously retired employees (0 retirees) and 0% of premiums on newly retired employees (0 retirees).

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. GASB 45 requires entities with over

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

200 employees to have the actuarial valuation performed biennially. The City is not required to perform the actuarial valuation of the OPEB cost and related OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2017 since no one is participating at this time.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reporting amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which will be effective in subsequent years. A description of the new accounting pronouncements, the fiscal year effective, and the City's consideration of the impact of these pronouncements are described below:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local government employers. GASB Statement No. 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, GASB Statement No. 75 identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This standard is effective for financial reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This Statement provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which the government is a beneficiary of an irrevocable split-interest agreement. This standard is effective for financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and should be applied retroactively. The City does not currently have any irrevocable split-interest agreements and, therefore, does not believe that this statement will have any potential impact on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 82, Pensions Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. This Statement addresses issues regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, the selections of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes and classification of payment made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017, except the application date to the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2018. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). And ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in the Statement. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus. This Statement addresses accounting practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits related to pensions and other postemployment benefits. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Harrah, Oklahoma

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget			Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	Revisions	Final	<u>Actual</u>	(Under)
REVENUES					
Taxes \$	2,652,000	(2,000)	2,650,000	2,795,366	145,366
Intergovernmental	4,500	-	4,500	3,817	(683)
Licenses and permits	74,600	-	74,600	88,561	13,961
Charge for services	10,000	-	10,000	16,125	6,125
Fines and forfeitures	220,000	-	220,000	205,473	(14,527)
Interest	500	-	500	1,972	1,472
Miscellaneous	9,800	2,000	11,800	20,127	8,327
Total revenues	2,971,400	-	2,971,400	3,131,441	160,041
EXPENDITURES General government:					
General government	282,309	1,497	283,806	208,556	75,250
City manager	4,200	-	4,200	4,163	37
Administration	340,707	<u>-</u>	340,707	320,429	20,278
Code enforcement	64,408	<u>-</u>	64,408	43,412	20,996
Legal	28,674	<u>-</u>	28,674	19,377	9,297
Public safety:	20,07		20,07	.,,,,,,	7,277
Police	963,598	(1,632)	961,966	855,398	106,568
K-9	2,750	135	2,885	2,885	-
Fire	525,715	-	525,715	384,873	140,842
Culture and recreation:	,		,	,	•
Senior citizen center	58,700	-	58,700	53,836	4,864
Total expenditures	2,271,061	-	2,271,061	1,892,929	378,132
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	700,339		700,339	1,238,512	538,173
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers	(1,001,300)		(1,001,300)	(1,006,164)	(4,864)
Net change in fund balances	(300,961)	-	(300,961)	232,348	533,309
Fund balances - beginning	300,961	-	300,961	1,160,677	859,716
Fund balances - ending \$	-	-	-	1,393,025	1,393,025

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

						Variance with
			Dudmat			Final Budget
	_	<u>Original</u>	Budget Revisions	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Over <u>(Under)</u>
REVENUES		Originat	KEVISIOIIS	<u>ı mat</u>	Actual	(Onder)
Intergovernmental	\$	140,000	_	140,000	3,238	(136,762)
Interest	Ų	300	_	300	1,015	715
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	1,015	-
Total revenues	_	140,300		140,300	4,253	(136,047)
	_	,				(100,011)
EXPENDITURES						
General government:						
General government		300,200	12,000	312,200	174,223	137,977
Public safety:						
Police		145,733	-	145,733	50,620	95,113
Fire		290,000	(6,000)	284,000	122,649	161,351
Cultural and recreation:						
Senior citizen center		16,000	-	16,000	10,523	5,477
Parks		50,000	-	50,000	9,105	40,895
Public works:						
Public works projects		250,000	(6,000)	244,000	103,825	140,175
Streets		-	-			
Total expenditures	_	1,051,933	-	1,051,933	470,945	580,988
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	5					
over (under) expenditures		(911,633)	-	(911,633)	(466,692)	444,941
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	5)					
Transfers	-,	496,300	-	496,300	521,830	25,530
	_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,,,,,,		
Net change in fund balances		(415,333)	-	(415,333)	55,138	470,471
Fund balances - beginning		415,333	-	415,333	650,671	235,338
Fund balances - ending	ş_				705,809	705,809
· · · · · ·	· _				,	

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Notes to Required Supplemental Information On Budgetary Accounting and Control For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act of 1979 (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at regular Council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments. Public hearings are held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the budget year.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- d. Subsequent to City Council enactment, the adopted budget is filed with the office of the State Auditor and Inspector.

All funds with revenues and/or expenditures/expenses as defined by State law are required to have annual budgets under this section of state law, except funds of public trusts or authorities. The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level within a fund.

All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. All transfers of appropriation between funds also require the approval of the City Council. The City prepared and adopted a legal annual budget for all governmental funds.

In accordance with Title 60 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, the Harrah Public Works Authority is required to prepare an annual budget and submit a copy to the City as beneficiary. However, there are no further requirements such as form of budget, approval of budget or definition of a legal spending limit.

Budgetary Accounting

The annual operating budgets of the General Fund are prepared and presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. The City considers most all appropriations to lapse at year-end; any open purchase orders to be honored in the subsequent budget year are reappropriated in the next year's budget. As a result, encumbrances are not treated as the equivalent of expenditures in the budget and actual financial statements.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Notes to Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budget Reconciliations - Items required to adjust actual revenues, expenditures, and fund balances reported on the budgetary basis to those reported within the fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, are as follows:

_	General Fund	Capital Impr. Fund
Fund balances - budgetary basis, June 30, 2017 \$ Current year revenue accruals Current year expenditure accruals Current year sales tax transfer accruals	1,259,054 387,943 - (193,972)	705,809 - - - 96,986
Fund balances - fund financial statements, June 30, 2017\$	1,453,025	802,795
Revenues - budgetary basis, June 30, 2017 \$ Current year revenue accruals Prior year revenue accruals	2,838,843 387,943 (95,345)	4,253 - -
Revenues - fund financial statements, June 30, 2017 \$_	3,131,441	4,253
Expenditures - budgetary basis, June 30, 2017 \$ Current year expenditure accruals Prior year expenditure accruals	1,832,929 - -	470,945 - -
Expenditures - fund financial statements, June 30, 2017 \$_	1,832,929	470,945

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014		2015		2016	
 Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 		0.103100%		0.104000%		0.111900%
Employer's proporionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(34,718)	\$	4,242	\$	171,376
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	267,062	\$	294,077	\$	330,015
 Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll 		-13.00%		1.44%		51.93%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.53%		99.82%		93.50%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2016.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer Contributions Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014		2015		2016	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	37,501	\$	38,230	\$	42,902
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	(37,501)	\$	(38,230)	\$	(42,902)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-emplyee payroll	\$	290,649	\$	294,077	\$	330,015
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.90%		13.00%		13.00%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2016.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2014	 2015	 2016
 Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) 	0.076800%	0.078500%	7.920000%
Employer's proporionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 789,690	\$ 832,836	\$ 967,273
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 203,260	\$ 214,386	\$ 221,464
4. Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	388.51%	388.47%	436.76%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.12%	68.27%	64.87%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2016.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014		2015		2016	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	28,456	\$	30,014	\$	31,005
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	(28,456)	\$	(30,014)	\$	(31,005)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-emplyee payroll	\$	203,260	\$	214,386	\$	221,464
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2016

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City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2014	2015	2016
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	71,309	76,600	81,270
Interest		154,897	161,833	172,914
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(29, 127)	79,765
Changes of assumptions		-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(65,202)	(65,608)	(67,071)
Net change in total pension liability		161,004	143,698	266,878
Total pension liability - beginning		1,959,350	2,120,354	2,264,052
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,120,354	2,264,052	2,530,930
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	93,722	95,351	106,005
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	Ş	35,722 35,145	35,757	39,752
Net investment income		241,750	50,111	19,007
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(65,202)	(65,608)	(67,071)
Administrative expense		(3,586)	(3,686)	(3,746)
Other		-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		301,829	111,925	93,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,449,729	1,751,558	1,863,483
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,751,558	1,863,483	1,957,430
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ _	368,796	400,569	573,500
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of				
the total pension liability		82.61%	82.31%	77.34%
Covered employee payroll	\$	667,383	696,231	695,916
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered -				
employee payroll		55.26%	57.53%	82.41%

Data is reported is measured as of July 1, 2016.

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2014.

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Employer Contributions Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2014	2015	2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	120,396	120,597	126,170
Contributions in relation to the actuarial	ly			
determined contribution		120,396	120,597	126,170
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> .	
Covered employee payroll	\$	667,383	696,231	695,916
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		18.04%	17.32%	18.13%

Notes to Schedule:

- 1. Only the current fiscal year is presented because 10-year data is not available.
- 2. Latest Valuation Date: July 1, 2016
- 3. Actuarially determined contribution rate is calculated as of July 1, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016.

2013 - 17.55%

2014 - 18.04%

2015 - 17.32%

2016 - 18.13%

4. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal

Amortization method - Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period - 29 years

Asset valuation method - Actuarial:

Smoothing period - 4 years

Recognition method - Non-asymptotic

Corridor - 70% - 130%

Salary increases - 4.00% to 7.42% (varies by attained age)

Investment rate of return - 7.75%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	_		Total		
			Nonmajor		
		Street &	Ind. Econ.	Park	Governmental
<u>ASSETS</u>		<u>Alley</u>	Dev. Trust	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,228	12,235	9,723	94,186
Due from other governments	_	4,639			4,639
TOTAL	=	76,867	12,235	9,723	98,825
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Deposits subject to refund		_	-	3,085	3,085
Due to other funds	_		94,165		94,165
Total Liabilities	_	<u>-</u>	94,165	3,085	97,250
Fund balances:					
Restricted		76,867	(81,930)	6,638	1,575
Assigned	_				
Total Fund Balances	_	76,867	(81,930)	6,638	1,575
TOTAL	\$ <u>_</u>	76,867	12,235	9,723	98,825

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Total		
				Nonmajor	
		Street &	Ind. Econ.	Park	Governmental
REVENUES		<u>Alley</u>	Dev. Trust	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$	52,454	-	-	52,454
Charge for services		-	-	5,120	5,120
Interest		-	3	7	10
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-
Total revenues	_	52,454	3	5,127	57,584
EXPENDITURES					
Maintenance & operations		54,315	7	33,839	88,161
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	_	54,315	7	33,839	88,161
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(1,861)	(4)	(28,712)	(30,577)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	-	29,300	29,300
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses	-			29,300	29,300
Net change in fund balances		(1,861)	(4)	588	(1,277)
Fund balances-beginning		78,728	(81,926)	6,050	2,852
Fund balances-ending	\$ <u></u>	76,867	(81,930)	6,638	1,575

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Debt Service Coverage Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Gross Revenue Available For Debt Service:

Pledged sales tax (3 cents)	\$	1,816,227
System-wide (water and sewer) gross revenues	_	1,986,552
Total Gross Revenues Available	_	3,802,779
System-wide operating expense - Exclusive of capital		
improvements, debt service and depreciation	_	1,151,349
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$_	2,651,430
Debt Service Requirements:		
Revenue note - Series 2015		104,480
Revenue note - Series 2011		37,941
Revenue note - Series 2009		113,569
Revenue note - Series 2008		148,930
Revenue note - Series 2004	_	62,048
Maximum annual debt service	\$_	466,968
Coverage	=	5.68
Coverage requirement	=	1.25

DILLON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Harrah, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrah, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dillon & Associates, P.C.

Midwest City, Oklahoma August 31, 2017

City of Harrah, Oklahoma Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

STATE GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	GRANTOR <u>NUMBER</u>	PROGRAM OR AWARD <u>AMOUNT</u>	STATE EXPENDITURES
STATE PROGRAMS State of Oklahoma			
Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Rural Fire Program		3,817	3,817
Oklahoma State Arts Council Small Grant Support		3,500	3,500
Total State of Oklahoma		7,317	7,317
Total State Assistance		\$ 7,317	7,317

Footnotes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards:

- 1. The Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards is prepared on an accrual basis of accounting. The expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred regardless of when the award proceeds are received.
- 2. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with state award requirements. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits can not be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.